

Atlantic Herring Spawning Closures

Technical Committee
Review and Recommendations
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Presented to ASMFC Atlantic Herring Section August 4, 2015



Spawning Closure History									
	EM	СМ	WM	NH/MA					
FMP (1993)									
LIVIE (1999)									
Closure	4 weeks	4 weeks	4 weeks	3 weeks					
Tolerance	25%	25%	25%	25%					
Default Date	Aug. 1	Sept. 1	Sept. 1	Oct. 1					
Am. 1 (1999)									
Closure	~13 week closure for state waters in Area 1A								
Tolerance	20% for Area 1A								
Default Date	August 1 – October 31								



Spawning Closure History									
	EM	CM	WM	NH/MA					
Tech. Ad (2000)									
Closure	4 weeks		4 weeks	4 weeks					
Tolerance	20%		20%	20%					
Default Date	Aug. 15		Sept. 1	Sept. 21					
Amendment 2									
Closure	4 weeks		4 weeks	4 weeks					
Tolerance	0%		0%	0%					
Default Date	Aug. 15		Sept. 1	Sept. 21					



Sampling Based Closure History

- Addendum I to Am. 1 (2000): Two, 50 fish samples within 7 days. Defaults if inadequate sampling.
 - Based on % in gonadal stages III-V spawn herring that are greater than 24 cm
- Addendum V to Am.2 (2012): Two, 100 fish samples within 7 days. Defaults if inadequate sampling.
 - Based on % in gonadal stages III-V that have reached:
 - ≥ 23 and < 28 cm with mean GSI of 15
 - > 28 cm in length with mean GSI of 20



Goals and Objectives

- FMP (1993), Amendment 1 (1999):
 "To provide adequate protection for spawning herring and prevent damage to herring egg beds"
- Addendum I of Amendment 1 (2000):
 "Specific measures which are designed to reduce the exploitation and disruption of herring spawning aggregations, while providing a limited opportunity to harvest herring during that time of the year"
- Amendment 2 (2006): Same goal specified as in Am.1



Goals and Objectives Cont.

- All previous spawning closures were based on expert opinion, literature and public input
- Clarity is needed with respect to the following questions, is the goal to:
 - 1. Prevent spawning fish from being taken?
 - 2. Prevent fishing operations that will disrupt spawning activity?
 - 3. Or both?



Goals and Objectives Cont.

1. Prevent spawning fish from being taken?

- Amendment 2 considerations:
 - Concerns about the 20% spawning tolerance provision (via public comments and the Law Enforcement Committee)
 - To reduce confusion, a timeframe where there would be no fishing in specific areas was preferred (i.e. zero tolerance provision in spawning closures)



Goals and Objectives Cont.

- 2. Prevent fishing operations that will disrupt spawning activity?
 - Anecdotal evidence suggests fishing may interfere with the spawning behavior of the herring not caught.



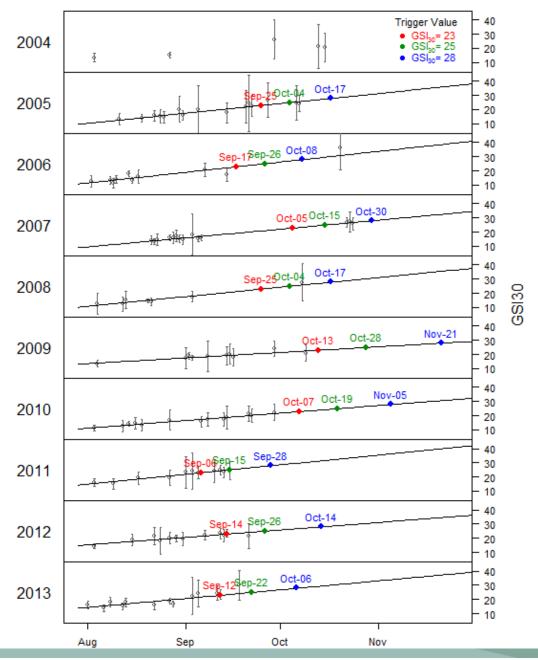
Spawning Closure Parameters

- Closure rules first established in the early 1990s
 - Based on limited data
- The Herring PDT initiated a review of the parameters
 - TC analyzed over 10 years of GSI sampling data to examine effectiveness of the current closures and recommend more appropriate options

Methodology

Forecasted Trigger Dates from Prior GSI samples

WM + MANH Spawning Areas

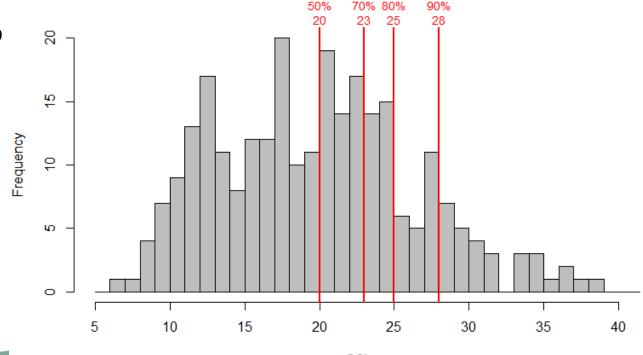


GSI - Risk Tolerance



- Lower GSI₃₀, more precautionary, earlier start
- Suggested GSI₃₀ values
 - GSI₃₀ 23 70% of mature fish spawning
 - GSI₃₀ 25 80%
 - GSI₃₀ 28 90%

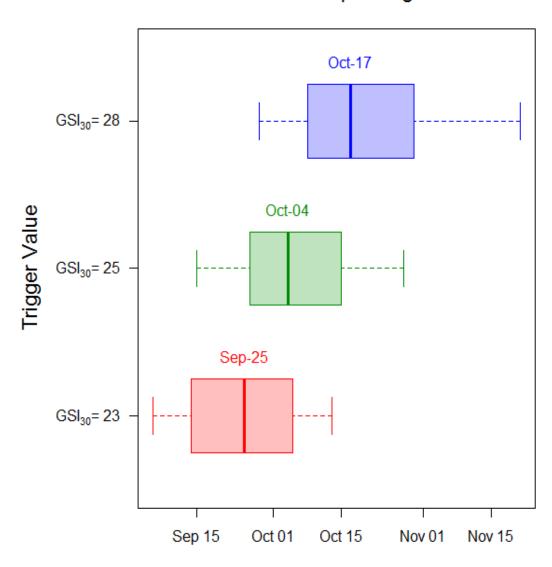




Default Dates



Predicted Default Closure Dates WM + MANH spawning areas





Length of Closure

						Average
				Average	Average	Season
				First	Last	Length
Study	Years	Methods	Area	Spawning	Spawning	(days)
Boyar et al., 1973	1972	Maturity	MA-NH	Sep 10	Oct 20	40
Cooper et al., 1975	1974	Eggs (scuba)	MA-NH	Sep 29	Oct 25	26
McCarthy et al., 1979	1972-1978	Eggs (scuba, sub, grab)	MA-NH	Sep 20	Oct 30	40
Stevenson 1989	1983-1988	Eggs (lobster traps)	EM	Aug 28	Sep 20	40



1. Process

- Sampling data: Analysis of GSI >10 year sampling data
 - $-GSI_{30}$ of 23, 25, or 28? Lower number = less risk
 - -TC recommends proposed forecasting protocol for spawning closures



2. Area

- Western ME/MA-NH: TC found no significant difference in timing of spawning
 - TC recommends combining spawning closure areas
- Eastern Maine: Minimal literature and data.
 - TC recommends status quo on area and default start date



3. Default dates for Western ME/ MA-NH

- Under proposed methodology reliance on default dates from a lack of samples should diminish
- TC recommends median values based on the Sections choice of GSI/risk tolerance



4. Length of Closure

- Literature and sampling supports a 40 day closure
- TC recommends 6 week closure



Potential Benefits

- Sampling
- Cohesive and transparent closure method
- Advanced Public Notice
- Less reliance on default dates
- Accounting for documented inter-annual variability



Amendment 2 Considerations

 Public comments suggested spawning closures should be based on real-time data, fishermen specifically noted spawning closures occurred too early in some instances and were therefore not very effective



Additional Consideration

 Forecasted spawning closures may be earlier or later which has potential implications for gear conflicts and gear specific access to various spawning areas



Questions?

