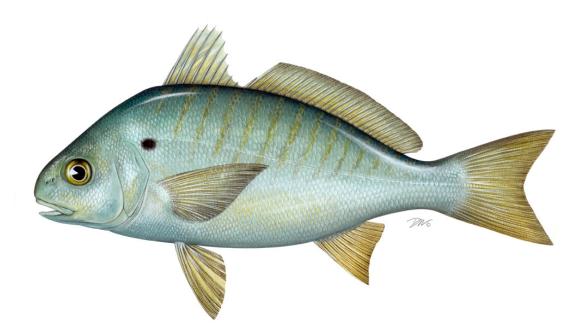
ATLANTIC STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION

REVIEW OF THE INTERSTATE FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLAN

FOR SPOT (Leiostomus xanthurus)

2012 FISHING YEAR



Prepared by the Plan Review Team

Approved by the South Atlantic Management Board

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I. Status of the Fishery Management Plan

| Date of FMP Approval: | October 1987; Omnibus Amendment August 2011 |
|---------------------------|--|
| Management Area: | The Atlantic coast distribution of the resource from Delaware through Florida |
| Active Boards/Committees: | South Atlantic State/Federal Fisheries Management Board; Spot Plan Review Team; South Atlantic Species Advisory Panel; Omnibus Amendment Plan Development Team |

The Fishery Management Plan (FMP) for Spot was adopted in 1987 and includes the states from Delaware through Florida (ASMFC 1987). In reviewing the early plans created under the Interstate Fisheries Management Plan process, the ASMFC found the Spot FMP to be in need of evaluation and possible revision. A Wallop-Breaux grant from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service was provided to conduct a comprehensive data collection workshop for spot. The October 1993 workshop at the Virginia Institute of Marine Science was attended by university and state agency representatives from six states. Presentations on fishery-dependent and fishery-independent data, population dynamics, and bycatch reduction devices were made and discussed. All state reports and a set of recommendations were included in the workshop report (Kline and Speir 1993).

Subsequent to the workshop and independent of it, the South Atlantic State/Federal Fisheries Management Board (Management Board) reviewed the status of several plans in order to define the compliance issues to be enforced under the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act (ACFCMA). The Management Board found recommendations in the plan to be vague and perhaps no longer valid, and recommended that an amendment be prepared to the Spot FMP to define the management measures necessary to achieve the goals of the FMP. In their final schedule for compliance under the ACFCMA, the ISFMP Policy Board adopted the finding that the FMP does not contain any management measures that states are required to implement. In August 2009, the Management Board expanded the initiated amendment to the Spanish Mackerel FMP to include Spot and Spotted Seatrout, creating the Omnibus Amendment for Spot, Spotted Seatrout and Spanish Mackerel. The goal of the Omnibus Amendment was to update all three plans with requirements specified under the Atlantic Coastal Fisheries Cooperative Management Act (1993) and the Interstate Fishery Management Program Charter (1995). In August 2011, the Management Board approved the Omnibus Amendment for Spot, Spotted Seatrout, and Spanish Mackerel.

II. Status of the Stock

No coastwide assessment has been performed for spot; however, spot are a target or component of multiple state surveys using trawl, gillnet, or seine net to sample. In addition to these surveys, commercial and recreational data can provide indices of relative spot abundance.

Omnibus Amendment/Annual Trigger Exercises

As part of the requirements for under the 2011 Omnibus Amendment, for years in-between benchmark stock assessments, the Spot PRT was tasked with conducting annual monitoring analysis, the results to be presented to the South Atlantic State/Federal Fisheries Management Board. This annual analysis has been known as the trigger exercises, where the following data sources are compared to the 10th percentile of the data sets' time series. These data sources are:

- Coastwide recreational landings (numbers), 1981-present
- Coastwide commercial landings (pounds), 1950-present
- SEAMAP-South Atlantic Trawl Survey catch-per-unit-effort (NC-FL data), 1989-present
- NMFS Bottom Trawl Survey catch-per-unit effort (NY-NC data), 1972-present
- Maryland DNR Chesapeake Bay Seine Survey catch-per-unit-effort, 1967-present

In conducting this annual review, if two terminal values of the five data sources- at least one of which must be fishery independent - fall below the 10th percentile, the Management Board will be prompted to consider management action. In 2012, the triggers did not trip though it was noted by the Spot PRT that commercial and recreational landings have fallen below their 10th percentile twice over the last 3 years, and once among the fishery independent indices (MD Bay Seine Program in 2011).

In 2013, for the sixth consecutive year, the Spot Plan Review Team (PRT) will compile and analyze available fishery-dependent and fishery-independent data from the following data sources: commercial harvest, effort, and biological sampling data from Maryland, Virginia and North Carolina; recreational harvest and effort data from Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina; and fishery-independent survey data from New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina, as well as the Southeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (SEAMAP) survey covering North Carolina through Florida and the NMFS Trawl Survey for New York to North Carolina. The PRT developed indices of relative spot abundance from catch-per-unit effort and fishery characterization data.

III. Status of the Fishery

Total landings of spot in 2012 are estimated at 3.24 million pounds, a decrease of 59% from 2011 and a 60% decrease from the previous ten-year average (Tables 1 and 3). The commercial fishery harvested less than the recreational fishery (39.2% to 60.8% respectively, by pounds), which follows the fluctuating pattern over the last 7 years. This contrasts with 2011, during which commercial harvests exceeded recreational harvests by about 2:1.

Commercial spot landings have ranged between 1.27 and 14.52 million pounds from 1950-20012(Figure 1), with the 2012 landings (1.27 million pounds) marking the lowest landings during this time series. The estimated ex-vessel value of the 2012 harvest was \$1.4 million (Table 1). Coastwide, the majority of commercially harvested spot are taken in gillnets (78.2% in 2009, Table 2). Virginia landed over 48% of the commercial harvest (by pounds) in 2012, followed by North Carolina with 39% of the harvest. Although small spot have been known to be a bycatch component of the haul seine, shad gillnet, and pound net fisheries in the Chesapeake Bay and in North Carolina, these mesh sizes, especially for the shad gillnet and channel net

fisheries, tend to be too large to catch even large spot. Further, the shad fishery is executed in mostly freshwater, where the number of adult spot is generally low. The largest bycatch component for spot comes from the South Atlantic shrimp trawl fishery. The fate of these spot can be discards or sale, depending upon market conditions and volume.

The recreational harvest of spot along the Atlantic coast from 1981 to 2012 has varied between 3.6 and 20.1 million fish (or 1.7 and 6.9 million pounds; Tables 3 and 4). There was an increasing trend in the recreational harvest from the low in 1999 to 15.9 million fish in 2007; however, harvest has declined since 2007, with the 2012 catch recording 4 million fish, down from 6 million fish in 2011 (Figure 2). Anglers in Virginia were responsible for 33% of the total number of fish harvested in 2012, followed by anglers in South Carolina (25%), North Carolina (19%), and Maryland (19%). Many anglers are known to catch spot to use as bait, as well as for other recreational purposes. The estimated number of spot released annually by recreational anglers has varied between 2.0 and 6.6 million fish, with the exception of a few years (Table 5). The number of fish released alive in 2012, 3.8 million, falls within this range.

IV. Status of Assessment Advice

A formal stock assessment of spot has not been conducted. The 1987 FMP recognized the lack of biological and fisheries data necessary for stock assessment and effective management of the resource. Spot life history information and fisheries data have generally been localized and conducted at different levels of population abundance. Commercial and recreational catch and effort data have only recently begun to be analyzed to determine the relationship between landings and abundance. An additional and extremely problematic issue is the non-quantifiable incidental bycatch and discard mortality of small spot in non-directed fisheries.

The Spot Plan Review Team evaluated the adequacy of data for assessment purposes in 2012, and reported the following:

- Commercial landings data appear adequate for a spot assessment; however, discard data are limited. The level of commercial biological sampling is on par with other species having assessments performed.
- The adequacy of recreational harvest and harvest length data is comparable to other species which rely primarily on MRIP data. Limited discard length data are available and discard mortality rates are unknown; however, less recreational discarding of spot occurs than for many other species, potentially due to its use as a bait fish.
- The number, time series, and distribution of fishery-independent indices appear adequate for stock assessment purposes. Biological data appear ample from several surveys, although reproductive data are limited. Further, the amount and representativeness of samples from each survey has not been investigated in detail.
- Additional investigation into the quality and quantity of commercial, recreational, and indices data for a spot stock assessment would need to take place through a data workshop.

Given that there have been no significant increases in the monitoring of discard data, the Spot PRT's recommendations and observations from 2009, regarding the feasibility of Spot stock assessment, remain.

V. Status of Research and Monitoring

Catch and effort data are collected by the commercial and recreational statistics programs conducted by the states and the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). Biological characterization data from fishery landings are also available from several states. Specifically, age data are now available from Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina. North Carolina annually ages 400-500 spot across all fisheries. Virginia has aged more than 300 spot per year since 2001, except 2006 when 228 were aged. Maryland began an ageing program in 2008. South Carolina began collecting limited otolith samples in 2010 through the SC-State Finfish Survey. While the numbers collected have not been very many (<50 per year) the age range matches the range seen in the fishery independent surveys.

Age validation study for spot in SC was completed in 2012 (J. Johnson, MS Thesis Project, College of Charleston)

Recruitment indices are available from surveys in Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, and South Carolina. Adult or aggregate (mix of juvenile and older spot) relative abundance indices are available from New Jersey, Delaware, North Carolina, South Carolina, and SEAMAP (covering North Carolina through Florida). These surveys, in additional to the Northeast Fisheries Science Center Bottom Trawl Survey, the Northeast Area Monitoring and Assessment Program (NEAMAP), the Chesapeake Bay Multispecies Monitoring and Assessment Program (ChesMMAP), and the Chesapeake Bay Fishery-Independent Multispecies Survey (CHESFIMS) also collect a variety of biological data elements.

VI. Status of Management Measures and Issues

The FMP for Spot identified two management measures for implementation: 1) promote the development and use of bycatch reduction devices through demonstration and application in trawl fisheries, and 2) promote increases in yield per recruit through delaying entry to spot fisheries to age one and older.

Considerable progress has been made in developing bycatch reduction devices (BRDs) and evaluating their effectiveness. Proceedings from a 1993 spot and croaker workshop summarized much of the experimental work on bycatch reduction, and many states have conducted subsequent testing. For example, North Carolina Division of Marine Fisheries (NCDMF) conducted research on the four main gear types (shrimp trawl, flynet, long haul seine, and pound net) responsible for the bulk of the scrap fish landings in order to reduce the catch of small fish. State testing of shrimp trawl BRDs achieved finfish reductions of 50-70% with little loss of shrimp, although total bycatch numbers relative to shrimp fishery effort are still unknown. The Virginia Marine Resources Commission investigated the use of culling panels in pound nets and long haul seines to release small croaker, spot, and weakfish. The Potomac River Fisheries Commission (PRFC) also investigated the use of culling panels in pound nets, finding that the panels allowed the release of 28% of captured spot less than six inches in length.

Following favorable testing, devices have been made mandatory or recommended in several state fisheries. The use of BRDs is required in all penaeid shrimp trawl fisheries in the South Atlantic. The PRFC recommends the use of culling panels in pound nets and allows those nets with panels

to keep one bushel of bycatch of flounder and weakfish. In North Carolina, escapement panels have been required in the bunt nets of long haul seines in an area south and west of Bluff Shoals in the Pamlico Sound since April 1999. However, evaluation of the beneficial effects of BRDs to spot stocks continues to need further study.

General gear restrictions, such as minimum mesh sizes or area trawling bans, have helped protect some age classes of spot. However, only Georgia has implemented a minimum size limit (8 inches total length, both recreational and commercial) aimed at protecting immature spot. Georgia is also the only state with a spot creel limit (25 fish, both recreational and commercial).

Omnibus Amendment (Interstate)

In August 2011, the Management Board approved the development of an amendment to the Spot FMP to address three issues: compliance measures, consistency with federal management in the exclusive economic zone, and alignment with Commission standards. The updated FMP's objectives are to: (1.) Increase the level of research and monitoring on spot bycatch in other fisheries, in order to complete a coastwide stock assessment (2.) Manage the Spot fishery stock to maintain the spawning stock biomass above the target biomass levels. (3.) Develop research priorities that will further refine the spot management program to maximize the biological, social, and economic benefits derived from the spot population. Through the Omnibus Amendment does not require specific fishery management unit range.

De minimis Guidelines

A state qualifies for *de minimis* status if its past 3-years' average of the combined commercial and recreational catch is less than 1% of the past 3-years' average of the coastwide combined commercial and recreational catch. Those states that qualify for *de minimis* are not required to implement any monitoring requirements, none of which are included in the plan.

De Minimis Requests

The states of South Carolina and Georgia request *de minimis* status. The PRT notes they meet the requirements of *de minimis*.

VII. Implementation of FMP Compliance Requirements for 2012

• All states within the management unit have submitted compliance reports for the 2012 fishing year. The PRT found no compliance issues.

VIII. Recommendations of the Plan Review Team

Management and Regulatory Recommendation

The Spot PRT recommends that the Board not initiate a stock assessment for spot, given the high uncertainties in the bycatch data which would have prevented the assessment from passing a peer review. The Spot PRT will continue to monitor the fishery through the trigger exercises and may present additional analysis for consideration in 2013.

Research and Monitoring Recommendations

High Priority

- State monitoring and reporting on the extent of unutilized bycatch and fishing mortality on fish less than age-1 in fisheries that take significant numbers of spot.
- Evaluate the effects of mandated bycatch reduction devices on spot catch in those states with significant commercial harvests.
- Develop fishery-dependent and fishery-independent size and sex specific relative abundance estimates.
- Cooperative coastwide spot juvenile indices should be developed to clarify stock status.
- Continue monitoring long-term changes in spot abundance, growth rates, and age structure.
- Continue monitoring of juvenile spot populations in major nursery areas.
- Improve spot catch and effort statistics from the commercial and recreational fisheries, along with size and age structure of the catch, in order to develop production models.
- Conduct age validation studies.
- Cooperatively develop criteria for aging spot otoliths and scales.
- Develop catch-at-age matrices for recreational and commercial fisheries.
- Determine the effect that anthropogenic perturbations may be having on growth, survival, and recruitment.

Medium Priority

- Develop stock assessment analyses appropriate to current data.
- Cooperatively develop a yield-per-recruit analysis.
- Develop stock identification methods and investigate the degree of mixing between state stocks during the annual fall migration.
- Determine migratory patterns through tagging studies.
- Determine the onshore vs. offshore components of the spot fishery.

IX. References

Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission (ASMFC). 1987. Fishery Management Plan for Spot. Washington (DC): ASMFC. Fisheries Management Report #11. 90 p.

- Kline LL, Speir H (editors). 1993. Proceedings of a Workshop on Spot (*Leiostomus xanthurus*) and Atlantic Croaker (*Micropogonias undulatus*). Washington (DC): Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission. Special Report #25. 175 p.
- Spot Plan Review Team (PRT). 2012. Spot Data Availability and Stock Monitoring Report, 2009. Washington (DC): Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission. Report to the South Atlantic State-Federal Fisheries Management Board. 85 p.

X. Figures

Figure 1. Spot commercial and recreational landings (pounds), 1950-2012

(Recreational landings available from 1981-present; see Tables 1 and 3 for state-by-state values and data sources)

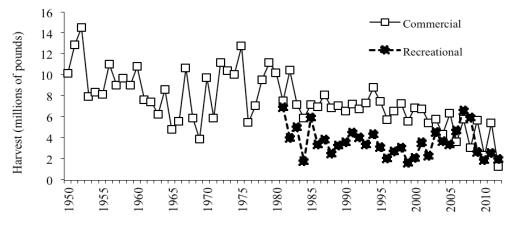
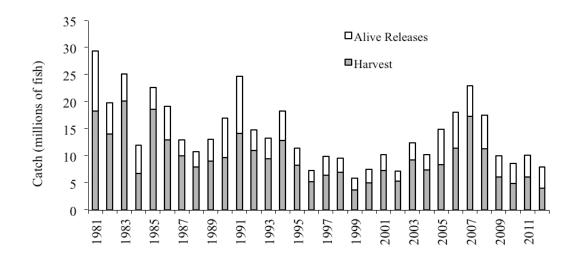


Figure 2. Spot recreational harvest and releases (numbers of fish), 1981-2012 (See Tables 4 and 5 for state-by-state values and data source)



| Year | NY | NJ | DE | MD | VA | NC | SC | GA | FL | Total | Value |
|------|-------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|-----------|---------|-------|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 1981 | | 6,000 | 11,100 | 14,200 | 1,025,800 | 3,511,574 | 127,384 | 7,721 | 2,798,881 | 7,502,660 | \$1,949,238 |
| 1982 | | 1,800 | 2,500 | 6,200 | 1,017,100 | 4,918,763 | 62,562 | 292 | 4,431,239 | 10,440,456 | \$2,629,992 |
| 1983 | | 800 | | 129,400 | 1,567,900 | 2,952,295 | 240,096 | | 2,266,296 | 7,156,787 | \$2,034,211 |
| 1984 | | 100 | | 43,200 | 735,200 | 3,481,920 | 130,265 | | 1,508,552 | 5,899,237 | \$1,709,041 |
| 1985 | | 2,400 | 17,237 | 7,700 | 1,561,739 | 4,043,843 | 142,755 | | 1,399,819 | 7,175,493 | \$2,059,771 |
| 1986 | | 6,600 | 86,455 | 104,400 | 1,839,500 | 3,354,191 | 655,378 | 124 | 918,875 | 6,965,523 | \$2,008,712 |
| 1987 | | 15,900 | 140,109 | 251,800 | 3,721,100 | 2,806,041 | 220,553 | 1,528 | 943,713 | 8,100,744 | \$2,288,900 |
| 1988 | | 1,600 | 37,722 | 58,000 | 1,985,500 | 3,080,258 | 376,221 | 644 | 1,344,276 | 6,884,221 | \$2,103,710 |
| 1989 | | 8,200 | 31,249 | 115,800 | 2,468,100 | 3,254,473 | 31,472 | 361 | 1,144,639 | 7,054,294 | \$2,447,602 |
| 1990 | | 9,039 | 23,864 | 127,882 | 1,630,735 | 3,455,460 | 39,957 | 43 | 1,275,729 | 6,562,709 | \$2,280,712 |
| 1991 | | 54,433 | 262,498 | 216,035 | 2,539,340 | 3,047,305 | 31,787 | | 1,051,532 | 7,202,930 | \$2,341,850 |
| 1992 | | 102,213 | 112,967 | 331,837 | 2,497,622 | 2,826,138 | 171,959 | 261 | 740,048 | 6,783,045 | \$1,903,514 |
| 1993 | 63 | 10,900 | 21,862 | 182,198 | 3,349,399 | 2,672,164 | 251,225 | 1,276 | 826,312 | 7,315,399 | \$2,902,373 |
| 1994 | | 31,408 | 100,435 | 166,246 | 4,269,402 | 2,937,355 | 288,241 | | 1,002,887 | 8,795,974 | \$3,326,892 |
| 1995 | 22 | 30,151 | 62,324 | | 3,622,954 | 3,006,885 | 209,132 | 247 | 558,087 | 7,489,802 | \$2,572,195 |
| 1996 | 318 | 1,149 | 80,930 | 256,711 | 2,982,083 | 2,290,040 | 60,574 | | 56,423 | 5,728,228 | \$2,237,567 |
| 1997 | 189 | 6,175 | 35,686 | 120,331 | 3,465,507 | 2,627,977 | 87,170 | | 227,097 | 6,570,132 | \$2,810,144 |
| 1998 | 579 | 27,582 | 140,363 | 225,937 | 4,277,256 | 2,397,025 | 63,912 | | 161,205 | 7,293,859 | \$2,838,921 |
| 1999 | | 7,822 | 47,770 | 223,463 | 2,961,890 | 2,262,213 | 9,393 | | 72,973 | 5,585,524 | \$2,204,565 |
| 2000 | 939 | 13,852 | 32,288 | 176,946 | 3,764,679 | 2,829,818 | 8,519 | | 57,946 | 6,884,987 | \$3,562,693 |
| 2001 | 160 | 20,034 | 74,144 | 283,488 | 3,248,212 | 3,093,921 | 12,950 | | 33,056 | 6,765,965 | \$2,835,318 |
| 2002 | 5,737 | 1,326 | 13,099 | 138,640 | 3,062,211 | 2,184,076 | 23,151 | | 20,586 | 5,448,826 | \$2,297,333 |
| 2003 | 35 | 6,003 | 74,144 | 184,437 | 3,471,484 | 2,043,421 | 17,181 | | 9,337 | 5,806,042 | \$2,747,351 |
| 2004 | 98 | 1,652 | 56,029 | 43,729 | 1,931,454 | 2,317,215 | 1,876 | | 12,792 | 4,364,845 | \$3,350,472 |
| 2005 | 435 | 769 | 125,685 | 114,987 | 4,335,314 | 1,714,518 | 10,468 | | 21,156 | 6,323,332 | \$3,310,675 |
| 2006 | 2,959 | 3,646 | 62,824 | 35,082 | 2,137,586 | 1,364,797 | 5,691 | | 22,502 | 3,635,087 | \$2,843,714 |
| 2007 | 1,080 | 4,474 | 128,207 | 389,520 | 4,335,314 | 879,135 | 6,357 | 0 | 14,317 | 5,758,404 | \$4,307,860 |
| 2008 | 0 | 1,942 | 32,649 | 123,718 | 2,137,586 | 737,293 | 1,492 | 0 | 9,181 | 3,043,861 | \$1,821,412 |
| 2009 | 317 | 34,063 | 71,449 | 528,625 | 4,014,576 | 1,006,535 | 22,557 | 0 | 22,057 | 5,700,179 | \$4,514,714 |
| 2010 | 37 | 6,048 | 60,416 | 561,217 | 1,104,667 | 572,345 | 3,957 | | 13,446 | 2,322,133 | \$1,823,273 |
| 2011 | 8 | 54,890 | 93,776 | 553,010 | 3,763,055 | 936,993 | 12,162 | | 29,031 | 5,442,925 | \$4,547,925 |
| 2012 | | 9,935 | 18,103 | 100,347 | 615,726 | 489,708 | 541 | 0 | 36,744 | 1,271,104 | \$1,142,878 |

Table 1. Commercial landings (pounds) by state, and estimated value (ex-vessel), 1981-2012(Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division & State Compliance Reports, 11/23/2013)

Table 2. Commercial landings (pounds) by gear, 2012

(Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division, 11/23/13)

| Gear | Landings (lbs) | Percent of Total |
|------------|----------------|------------------|
| Gill Nets | 691,079 | 12.4% |
| Haul Seine | 295,516 | 5.3% |
| Pound Net | 37,973 | 0.7% |
| Trawl | 47,842 | 0.9% |
| Other | 225,465 | 4.0% |
| Total | 1,297,875 | 23.2% |

Table 3. Recreational harvest (pounds) by state, 1981-2012(Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division, 11/23/13)

| Year | NY | NJ | DE | MD | VA | NC | SC | GA | FL | Total |
|------|---------|---------|--------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 1981 | 20,348 | 6,175 | 8,047 | 554,986 | 4,625,985 | 1,193,537 | 144,600 | 50,734 | 311,406 | 6,915,818 |
| 1982 | | 85,446 | 19,281 | 656,245 | 1,563,396 | 1,093,047 | 313,177 | 20,199 | 236,027 | 3,986,818 |
| 1983 | | | 4,017 | 354,788 | 2,520,125 | 1,630,882 | 293,161 | 28,023 | 167,294 | 4,998,290 |
| 1984 | | 3,768 | 5,714 | 361,850 | 404,533 | 650,386 | 169,346 | 81,758 | 122,585 | 1,799,940 |
| 1985 | 3,415 | 4,255 | | 193,266 | 1,955,039 | 3,120,532 | 441,808 | 13,071 | 213,042 | 5,944,428 |
| 1986 | 1,327 | 2,114 | 3,836 | 1,139,871 | 1,205,158 | 536,443 | 455,836 | 23,369 | 25,360 | 3,393,314 |
| 1987 | | | | 1,545,691 | 1,336,387 | 690,653 | 226,701 | 14,601 | 32,835 | 3,846,868 |
| 1988 | | 84,941 | 1,876 | 80,547 | 720,609 | 802,320 | 632,868 | 14,645 | 184,602 | 2,522,408 |
| 1989 | 132 | 606 | 10,368 | 633,150 | 1,400,728 | 929,188 | 288,591 | 7,798 | 23,254 | 3,293,815 |
| 1990 | | 5,644 | 11,821 | 791,264 | 2,103,751 | 613,904 | 50,525 | 6,259 | 1,737 | 3,584,905 |
| 1991 | | 19,528 | 48,100 | 634,894 | 2,729,698 | 727,463 | 245,661 | 1,786 | 107,256 | 4,514,386 |
| 1992 | | 8,788 | 36,799 | 724,279 | 2,278,309 | 403,775 | 397,677 | 6,978 | 167,845 | 4,024,450 |
| 1993 | 315 | 2,264 | 844 | 636,032 | 951,766 | 812,810 | 461,447 | 109,317 | 396,632 | 3,371,427 |
| 1994 | 7,198 | 20,364 | 34,795 | 676,687 | 1,217,036 | 1,842,360 | 469,518 | 2,687 | 57,234 | 4,327,879 |
| 1995 | | 1,186 | 22,919 | 485,682 | 1,067,637 | 1,247,995 | 242,973 | 7,701 | 42,851 | 3,118,944 |
| 1996 | | 10,966 | 789 | 294,404 | 492,982 | 710,086 | 494,448 | 5,445 | 26,953 | 2,036,073 |
| 1997 | | 8,609 | 50,781 | 401,275 | 1,263,447 | 722,868 | 254,794 | 2,072 | 13,962 | 2,717,808 |
| 1998 | | | 36,658 | 631,422 | 866,619 | 1,249,543 | 228,502 | 2,088 | 47,196 | 3,062,028 |
| 1999 | | | 10,886 | 272,292 | 244,499 | 646,662 | 391,402 | 2,275 | 84,511 | 1,652,527 |
| 2000 | 130,649 | 46,244 | 32,968 | 600,302 | 252,885 | 893,835 | 128,669 | 1,402 | 14,129 | 2,101,083 |
| 2001 | | | 20,110 | 629,861 | 523,202 | 1,773,671 | 346,878 | 1,720 | 284,706 | 3,580,148 |
| 2002 | | | 10,870 | 336,660 | 829,972 | 984,898 | 140,164 | 2,857 | 7,840 | 2,313,261 |
| 2003 | | | 14,386 | 1,690,502 | 875,729 | 1,714,158 | 227,821 | 5,710 | 26,504 | 4,554,810 |
| 2004 | | | 6,919 | 442,100 | 1,136,261 | 1,846,688 | 245,991 | 721 | 3,338 | 3,682,018 |
| 2005 | | 14,546 | 68,075 | 658,077 | 1,375,629 | 1,103,830 | 158,407 | 917 | 12,751 | 3,392,232 |
| 2006 | | 28,971 | 38,010 | 991,142 | 1,926,940 | 978,181 | 745,772 | 1,166 | 6,067 | 4,716,249 |
| 2007 | 952 | 0 | 74,531 | 1,282,803 | 3,237,069 | 1,378,993 | 605,024 | 2,346 | 12,899 | 6,594,617 |
| 2008 | 0 | 23,157 | 42,078 | 618,172 | 1,828,398 | 671,916 | 2,731,815 | 4,292 | 21,041 | 5,940,869 |
| 2009 | 0 | 1,882 | 48,465 | 802,395 | 829,245 | 354,375 | 589,027 | 2,493 | 22,169 | 2,650,051 |
| 2010 | | 212,616 | 74,641 | 447,575 | 563,423 | 260,757 | 322,885 | 214 | 28,033 | 1,910,144 |
| 2011 | | 755 | 52,120 | 314,032 | 1,101,847 | 411,243 | 596,679 | 171 | 62,657 | 2,539,504 |
| 2012 | | 104,028 | 21,558 | 253,103 | 410,777 | 230,259 | 933,684 | 91 | 19,090 | 1,972,590 |

Table 4. Recreational harvest (numbers) by state, 1981-2012

| Year | NY | NJ | DE | MD | VA | NC | SC | GA | FL | Total |
|------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|---------|---------|------------|
| 1981 | 44,278 | 28,006 | 17,508 | 948,931 | 11,662,684 | 4,023,934 | 562,750 | 124,057 | 799,226 | 18,211,374 |
| 1982 | | 387,582 | 82,094 | 2,864,603 | 4,526,847 | 4,124,465 | 1,230,253 | 84,153 | 735,398 | 14,035,395 |
| 1983 | | | 14,464 | 1,600,362 | 12,059,247 | 4,880,268 | 970,747 | 112,123 | 488,029 | 20,125,240 |
| 1984 | | 8,501 | 15,553 | 904,793 | 1,489,795 | 2,758,366 | 724,925 | 363,841 | 396,402 | 6,662,176 |
| 1985 | 15,494 | 12,692 | | 1,028,391 | 5,491,918 | 8,789,391 | 2,355,044 | 62,338 | 861,700 | 18,616,968 |
| 1986 | 3,824 | 9,587 | 12,178 | 3,789,796 | 4,229,191 | 2,646,049 | 2,007,386 | 137,782 | 96,803 | 12,932,596 |
| 1987 | | | | 3,180,704 | 3,864,151 | 2,129,146 | 599,807 | 79,487 | 73,833 | 9,927,128 |
| 1988 | | 348,593 | 2,360 | 277,964 | 2,028,768 | 2,558,322 | 1,951,157 | 57,786 | 663,681 | 7,888,631 |
| 1989 | 602 | 1,128 | 45,853 | 1,154,314 | 3,714,855 | 2,924,299 | 1,078,570 | 34,977 | 67,506 | 9,022,104 |
| 1990 | | 25,927 | 44,362 | 2,120,655 | 5,354,294 | 1,986,601 | 142,271 | 17,730 | 7,252 | 9,699,092 |
| 1991 | | 88,393 | 138,113 | 1,841,555 | 8,820,075 | 2,317,095 | 598,290 | 10,281 | 269,628 | 14,083,430 |
| 1992 | | 20,443 | 90,053 | 1,671,897 | 6,317,539 | 1,271,416 | 1,190,757 | 25,788 | 357,678 | 10,945,571 |
| 1993 | 1,168 | 7,788 | 3,263 | 1,880,043 | 2,836,534 | 2,057,440 | 1,437,809 | 228,606 | 946,757 | 9,399,408 |
| 1994 | 19,275 | 144,589 | 92,352 | 1,761,701 | 3,395,503 | 5,929,269 | 1,329,997 | 9,587 | 137,067 | 12,819,340 |
| 1995 | | 2,949 | 51,695 | 1,099,658 | 2,731,242 | 3,329,981 | 875,189 | 27,842 | 140,231 | 8,258,787 |
| 1996 | | 23,954 | 955 | 591,300 | 1,109,237 | 2,007,071 | 1,423,352 | 14,131 | 64,337 | 5,234,337 |
| 1997 | | 20,148 | 126,089 | 713,657 | 3,328,144 | 1,440,661 | 680,842 | 5,471 | 31,987 | 6,346,999 |
| 1998 | | | 96,389 | 1,327,259 | 2,023,756 | 2,865,190 | 489,068 | 6,788 | 120,389 | 6,928,839 |
| 1999 | | | 19,911 | 655,289 | 569,250 | 1,308,167 | 801,785 | 5,578 | 264,233 | 3,624,213 |
| 2000 | 498,470 | 281,481 | 65,952 | 1,389,505 | 527,259 | 1,924,107 | 246,291 | 2,950 | 40,908 | 4,976,923 |
| 2001 | | | 51,096 | 1,088,997 | 1,056,365 | 3,650,711 | 735,551 | 3,681 | 652,975 | 7,239,376 |
| 2002 | | | 22,013 | 690,515 | 1,601,837 | 2,586,313 | 393,597 | 6,987 | 25,907 | 5,327,169 |
| 2003 | | | 30,165 | 3,300,594 | 1,441,002 | 3,796,557 | 524,513 | 11,524 | 84,685 | 9,189,040 |
| 2004 | | | 17,494 | 867,589 | 1,717,416 | 4,058,426 | 656,920 | 2,320 | 10,826 | 7,330,991 |
| 2005 | | 41,324 | 150,772 | 1,788,679 | 2,781,973 | 3,125,897 | 464,510 | 2,999 | 41,671 | 8,397,825 |
| 2006 | | 42,143 | 110,608 | 2,895,783 | 3,584,930 | 2,770,151 | 1,957,703 | 2,823 | 17,306 | 11,381,447 |
| 2007 | 2,756 | | 176,997 | 3,615,346 | 8,203,377 | 4,268,838 | 911,960 | 8,516 | 36,775 | 17,224,565 |
| 2008 | | 172,828 | 133,996 | 1,892,115 | 4,398,473 | 1,843,343 | 2,731,815 | 8,903 | 60,889 | 11,242,362 |
| 2009 | | 16,651 | 128,799 | 2,064,326 | 2,146,607 | 1,056,346 | 589,027 | 7,169 | 58,226 | 6,067,151 |
| 2010 | | 572,078 | 214,180 | 1,164,091 | 1,669,843 | 834,560 | 322,885 | 851 | 83,688 | 4,862,176 |
| 2011 | | 568 | 150,650 | 912,704 | 2,967,030 | 1,207,335 | 596,680 | 968 | 221,705 | 6,057,640 |
| 2012 | | | 65,555 | 766,145 | 1,350,153 | 784,272 | 1,001,664 | 348 | 65,698 | 4,033,835 |

(Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division, 11/23/13)

 Table 5. Recreational releases (numbers) by state, 1981-2012

| Year | NY | NJ | DE | MD | VA | NC | SC | GA | FL |
|------|---------|-----------|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|--------|---------|
| 1981 | | 25,740 | 1,502 | 1,331,316 | 8,905,412 | 735,408 | 82,035 | 5,975 | 64,344 |
| 1982 | | 974,847 | 5,061 | 1,677,415 | 1,618,065 | 806,851 | 366,650 | 44,091 | 205,387 |
| 1983 | | 57,556 | | 1,114,795 | 2,715,522 | 634,107 | 192,240 | 39,798 | 186,615 |
| 1984 | | | 13,260 | 1,150,599 | 2,607,693 | 952,816 | 346,003 | 17,897 | 130,493 |
| 1985 | 22,220 | 2,979 | | 735,873 | 2,051,793 | 429,914 | 515,106 | 17,316 | 170,060 |
| 1986 | | 79,712 | | 2,720,343 | 2,250,794 | 816,204 | 331,290 | 20,863 | 10,351 |
| 1987 | | | 1,104 | 248,973 | 1,736,228 | 593,937 | 304,127 | 28,434 | 57,437 |
| 1988 | | 110,698 | 4,501 | 716,258 | 762,504 | 995,806 | 110,498 | 16,951 | 110,003 |
| 1989 | | 4,503 | 40,193 | 730,580 | 2,519,034 | 524,897 | 138,834 | 1,630 | 22,425 |
| 1990 | | 14,504 | 10,120 | 1,811,434 | 4,441,195 | 921,849 | 13,709 | 4,079 | 30,937 |
| 1991 | | 91,991 | 59,770 | 2,123,582 | 7,041,156 | 946,564 | 100,666 | 14,629 | 168,284 |
| 1992 | | 1,324 | 12,553 | 493,597 | 2,091,001 | 841,163 | 279,044 | 16,791 | 64,738 |
| 1993 | | | 35,987 | 1,573,486 | 1,374,950 | 528,449 | 130,055 | 47,667 | 185,226 |
| 1994 | 8,140 | 160,380 | 53,078 | 1,037,498 | 2,142,198 | 1,363,884 | 320,921 | 22,434 | 335,647 |
| 1995 | | 22,162 | 14,195 | 253,827 | 1,166,428 | 1,035,361 | 331,781 | 9,799 | 268,765 |
| 1996 | 7,178 | 39,448 | 1,128 | 208,897 | 577,847 | 924,204 | 212,920 | 5,329 | 65,083 |
| 1997 | | 21,512 | 88,751 | 1,316,341 | 1,365,809 | 450,663 | 245,349 | 990 | 18,102 |
| 1998 | | 12,542 | 75,985 | 633,914 | 900,352 | 650,157 | 307,480 | 12,286 | 58,264 |
| 1999 | | | 15,789 | 618,742 | 339,988 | 633,112 | 86,894 | 10,675 | 530,849 |
| 2000 | 157,991 | 16,633 | 30,522 | 1,080,310 | 502,923 | 481,995 | 115,682 | 17,376 | 54,388 |
| 2001 | | 2,040 | 13,139 | 577,417 | 968,976 | 1,143,695 | 154,077 | 11,714 | 74,232 |
| 2002 | 2,127 | 3,331 | 27,220 | 501,111 | 481,765 | 671,669 | 103,914 | 20,038 | 44,584 |
| 2003 | | 39,049 | 13,273 | 670,382 | 933,842 | 1,132,992 | 231,612 | 31,055 | 106,918 |
| 2004 | | | 39,998 | 383,292 | 882,136 | 1,237,386 | 252,384 | 12,545 | 20,167 |
| 2005 | | 6,755 | 157,445 | 2,135,086 | 2,456,981 | 1,539,531 | 127,820 | 8,604 | 52,048 |
| 2006 | | 42,558 | 92,864 | 1,335,280 | 1,371,751 | 3,147,254 | 645,379 | 7,233 | 51,929 |
| 2007 | 1,793 | 137,677 | 44,455 | 1,618,690 | 2,156,839 | 1,420,660 | 255,362 | 13,813 | 42,605 |
| 2008 | | 1,166,532 | 98,304 | 1,737,665 | 1,487,665 | 1,322,408 | 188,746 | 24,979 | 176,570 |
| 2009 | | 7,691 | 140,014 | 632,595 | 1,457,588 | 1,222,053 | 326,065 | 11,890 | 71,658 |
| 2010 | 1,187 | 191,745 | 72,216 | 1,155,003 | 1,155,882 | 871,054 | 166,679 | 651 | 43,242 |
| 2011 | | 1,370 | 66,661 | 296,513 | 2,245,221 | 1,000,566 | 222,623 | 12,307 | 178,520 |
| 2012 | | 477938 | 60,334 | 919,896 | 1,145,960 | 759,081 | 142,093 | 3,968 | 373,916 |

Total 11,151,732 5,698,367 4,940,633 5,218,761 3,945,261 6,229,557 2,970,240 2,827,219 3,982,096 7,247,827 10,546,642 3,800,211 3,875,820 5,444,180 3,102,318 2,042,034 3,507,517 2,650,980 2,236,049 2,457,820 2,945,290 1,855,759 3,159,123 2,827,908 6,484,270 6,694,248 5,691,894 6,202,869 3,869,554 3,657,659 4,023,781 3,883,186

(Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division, 11/23/13)

 Table 6. PRT-recommended management triggers, with highlighted years indicating values below the 10th percentile based on data through 2012.

| Year | ACCSP Commercial Landings (pounds) | NMFS Commercial Landings (pounds) | Recreational Landings (numbers) | Combined NMFS Survey Index | Combined SEAMAP Survey Index | MD Chesapeake Bay Seine Survey Index |
|------|---|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1950 | 10,165,400 | 10,165,400 | | | | |
| 1951 | 12,855,900 | 12,855,900 | | | | |
| 1952 | 14,520,700 | 14,520,700 | | | | |
| 1953 | 7,936,600 | 7,936,600 | | | | |
| 1954 | 8,343,000 | 8,343,000 | | | | |
| 1955 | 8,126,400 | 8,126,400 | | | | |
| 1956 | 11,037,500 | 11,037,500 | | | | |
| 1957 | 9,031,700 | 9,031,700 | | | | |
| 1958 | 9,662,000 | 9,662,000 | | | | |
| 1959 | 9,008,700 | 9,008,700 | | | | |
| 1960 | 10,787,600 | 10,787,600 | | | | |
| 1961 | 7,646,400 | 7,646,400 | | | | |
| 1962 | 7,438,200 | 7,438,100 | | | | |
| 1963 | 6,256,300 | 6,256,200 | | | | |
| 1964 | 8,603,400 | 8,603,300 | | | | |
| 1965 | 4,786,800 | 4,786,800 | | | | |
| 1966 | 5,583,600 | 5,583,600 | | | | |
| 1967 | 10,677,700 | 10,677,600 | | | | 0.018 |
| 1968 | 5,895,800 | 5,895,800 | | | | 0.596 |
| 1969 | 3,893,900 | 3,893,900 | | | | 1.226 |
| 1970 | 9,749,100 | 9,749,100 | | | | 0.084 |
| 1971 | 5,899,500 | 5,899,500 | | | | 0.864 |
| 1972 | 11,169,500 | 11,169,500 | | 7.70 | | 1.160 |
| 1973 | 10,419,900 | 10,419,800 | | 72.10 | | 3.264 |
| 1974 | 10,028,000 | 10,028,000 | | 92.00 | | 2.297 |
| 1975 | 12,737,400 | 12,737,000 | | 59.40 | | 4.416 |
| 1976 | 5,461,700 | 5,461,600 | | 196.70 | | 3.195 |
| 1977 | 7,056,300 | 7,055,800 | | 591.90 | | 6.891 |
| 1978 | 9,541,925 | 9,541,925 | | 183.60 | | 3.360 |
| 1979 | 11,165,310 | 11,165,310 | | 326.80 | | 2.708 |
| 1980 | 10,215,973 | 10,215,973 | | 126.20 | | 2.529 |
| 1981 | 7,502,660 | 7,502,660 | 18,227,092 | 233.30 | | 1.647 |
| 1982 | 10,440,456 | 10,440,456 | 14,119,411 | 45.60 | | 2.254 |
| 1983 | 7,156,792 | 7,156,792 | 20,158,832 | 246.80 | | 1.074 |
| 1984 | 5,899,725 | 5,899,725 | 6,678,762 | 322.90 | | 3.428 |
| 1985 | 7,175,566 | 7,175,566 | 18,636,497 | 51.70 | | 1.498 |
| 1986 | 6,965,468 | 6,965,468 | 13,097,985 | 256.40 | | 1.766 |
| 1987 | 8,100,756 | 8,100,735 | 9,994,920 | 180.20 | | 1.174 |
| 1988 | 6,885,199 | 6,885,465 | 7,913,748 | 180.20 | | 4.495 |
| 1989 | 7,052,068 | 7,053,374 | 9,022,104 | 453.80 | 325.07 | 0.697 |
| 1990 | 6,561,635 | 6,561,641 | 9,712,267 | 102.40 | 538.52 | 1.046 |
| 1991 | 7,176,813 | 7,176,632 | 14,137,171 | 47.60 | 599.44 | 0.809 |
| 1992 | 6,781,052 | 6,765,078 | 11,023,214 | 10.10 | 243.39 | 0.441 |
| 1993 | 7,315,598 | 7,315,577 | 9,413,956 | 7.90 | 129.69 | 1.425 |
| 1994 | 8,795,908 | 8,795,939 | 12,871,694 | 411.70 | 218.43 | 1.486 |

| Year | ACCSP Commercial Landings (pounds) | NMFS Commercial Landings (pounds) | Recreational Landings (numbers) | Combined NMFS Survey Index | Combined SEAMAP Survey Index | MD Chesapeake Bay Seine Survey Index |
|------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| 1995 | 7,820,831 | 7,489,478 | 8,311,446 | 65.10 | 364.65 | 0.096 |
| 1996 | 5,728,189 | 5,647,298 | 5,270,362 | 77.40 | 141.63 | 0.283 |
| 1997 | 6,572,097 | 6,570,132 | 6,351,489 | 29.70 | 203.49 | 1.343 |
| 1998 | 7,293,875 | 7,293,919 | 6,989,184 | 17.40 | 105.15 | 0.437 |
| 1999 | 5,589,301 | 5,589,288 | 3,653,547 | 67.80 | 79.77 | 0.607 |
| 2000 | 6,884,987 | 6,884,989 | 4,976,923 | 59.00 | 124.53 | 0.828 |
| 2001 | 6,770,062 | 6,770,093 | 7,239,378 | 0.20 | 177.56 | 0.367 |
| 2002 | 5,449,586 | 5,449,507 | 5,327,170 | 60.40 | 76.34 | 0.357 |
| 2003 | 5,808,901 | 5,808,929 | 9,189,041 | 31.00 | 345.02 | 0.306 |
| 2004 | 6,774,521 | 6,730,217 | 7,166,471 | 85.00 | 226.22 | 0.805 |
| 2005 | 5,122,940 | 5,120,448 | 8,166,637 | 187.80 | 438.98 | 3.485 |
| 2006 | 3,193,544 | 3,187,897 | 10,818,356 | 144.90 | 276.99 | 0.342 |
| 2007 | 5,751,644 | 5,684,401 | 15,717,617 | 166.20 | 75.70 | 0.609 |
| 2008 | 2,883,533 | 2,883,286 | 11,199,849 | 225.20 | 183.92 | 0.867 |
| 2009 | 5,534,221 | 5,569,679 | 6,035,163 | 136.92 | 216.67 | 0.443 |
| 2010 | 2,235,030 | 2,275,959 | 4,951,340 | 635.30 | 317.30 | 2.890 |
| 2011 | 5,304,161 | 5,267,410 | 5,989,066 | 672.08 | 495.60 | 0.065 |
| 2012 | 1,315,141 | 1,315,141 | 4,523,375 | 436.13 | 247.00 | 0.827 |
| Trigger (10th %ile) | 5,159,184 | 5,149,840 | 5,270,362 | 17.40 | 87.38 | 0.294 |