# REVIEW OF THE <br> ATLANTIC STATES MARINE FISHERIES COMMISSION FISHERY MANAGEMENT PLAN FOR 

## ATLANTIC STRIPED BASS

(Morone saxatilis)

## 2007 FISHING YEAR



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## I. Status of the Fishery Management Plan

Date of FMP Approval:
Amendments:
Management Unit:

States With Declared Interest:
Additional Jurisdictions:

Active Boards/Committees:

Original FMP: October 1981
Amendment 6: February 2003 (active January 2004)
Migratory stocks of Atlantic striped bass from Maine through North Carolina

Maine - North Carolina, including Pennsylvania
District of Columbia, Potomac River Fisheries Commission, National Marine Fisheries Service, United States Fish and Wildlife Service

Atlantic Striped Bass Management Board, Advisory Panel, Technical Committee, Stock Assessment Subcommittee, Tagging Subcommittee, Plan Review Team, and Plan Development Team

Under the Atlantic Striped Bass Conservation Act (P.L. 98-613), implementation of the Fishery Management Plan (FMP) is mandatory. Compliance with the FMP is monitored by the Commission's Striped Bass Management Board (Board) and Striped Bass Plan Review Team (PRT). Amendment 6 to the FMP was approved in February 2003, fully implemented by January 1, 2004, and completely replaces all previous Commission plans for Atlantic striped bass.

Amendment 6 was developed to address five limitations within the previous management program: potential inability to prevent the Amendment 5 exploitation target from being exceeded; perceived decrease in availability or abundance of large striped bass in the coastal migratory population; a lack of management direction with respect to target and threshold biomass levels; inequitable effects of regulations on the recreational and commercial fisheries, and coastal and producer area sectors; and excessively frequent changes to the management program.

Amendment 6 established biological reference points (BRPs) to define overfished and overfishing status. Overfished status is defined by a threshold female spawning stock biomass (SSB) comparable to the 1995 level, with a target female SSB of 125 percent the threshold. Overfishing is defined by a threshold fishing mortality rate (F) of Fmsy, with a target F based on the plan's objective to maintain an age structure for long-term sustainability. (The Chesapeake Bay and Albemarle-Roanoke stocks operate under a separate target F; see next paragraph.) The BRPs form the basis of a list of triggers for appropriate management response if reached.

The striped bass fisheries are managed with regulations set to achieve the target fishing mortality rate. Most recreational fisheries are constrained by a two fish creel limit, 28 inch minimum size limit, and year-round fishing season except in spawning areas. Through Management Program Equivalency, Amendment 6 allows a smaller minimum size limit (18 inches) in the Chesapeake Bay and Albemarle Sound/Roanoke River with the penalty of a lower target F.

Commercial striped bass fisheries are constrained by minimum size limits and state-by-state quotas. The same minimum size standards regulate the commercial fisheries as the recreational fisheries, except for a 20 inch size limit in the Delaware Bay spring gillnet fishery. Amendment 6 restored the coastal commercial quotas to the average reported landings from 1972-1979, except for Delaware's coastal commercial quota, which remains at the level allocated in 2002. The responsible jurisdictions set quotas for the Chesapeake Bay and Albemarle Sound/Roanoke River commercial fisheries based on the area's target F .

States are permitted the flexibility to deviate from these standards by submitting proposals for review by the Striped Bass Technical Committee, Advisory Panel, and Plan Review Team and contingent upon the approval of the Management Board. Alternative proposals must be "conservationally equivalent" to the management standards. This practice has resulted in a variety of regulations among states (see Tables 1 and 2).

Addendum I to Amendment 6 was approved and implemented in October 2007. The addendum establishes a bycatch monitoring and research program to increase the accuracy of data on striped bass discards, as required by Amendment 6, and also recommends that states, through the Commission if possible, develop a web-based angler education program on fishing techniques known to reduce post-release hooking mortality. The bycatch program establishes a suite of mandatory and voluntary data collection standards, discard mortality studies, and Technical Committee analyses for commercial, recreational, and for-hire fisheries.

The Exclusive Economic Zone (EEZ) has been closed to the harvest and possession of striped bass since 1990, with the exception of a defined route to and from Block Island in Rhode Island. A recommendation was made in Amendment 6, and submitted to the Secretary of Commerce, to re-open federal waters to commercial and recreational fisheries. Starting in July 2003 and continuing for several years, NOAA Fisheries took steps in the rulemaking process to consider the proposal. In September 2006, NOAA Fisheries concluded that it would be imprudent to open the EEZ to striped bass fishing and chose not to proceed further in its rulemaking.

## II. Status of the Stocks

The most recent striped bass stock assessment was conducted by the Striped Bass Technical Committee, Stock Assessment Subcommittee, and Tagging Subcommittee in 2007 and includes data through 2006 (NEFSC 2008a, NEFSC 2008b). Two models were included as the main models for stock assessment: the age-based statistical catch-at-age (SCA) model, and the tagbased catch equation (CE) model. Based on the results of both models and comparison to the Amendment 6 BRPs, the assessment team determined that striped bass were not overfished nor experiencing overfishing in 2006.

The assessment was peer reviewed through the 46th Northeast Regional Stock Assessment Workshop (Murphy and others 2008). The Stock Assessment Review Committee (SARC) found each term of reference to have been met and endorsed the results of the assessment. Of the candidate assessment models, the SARC found that, the SCA model "best estimated parameters that could be judged against the current biological benchmarks... Based on these, the SARC agreed with the assessment team's stock status determination that striped bass is not currently overfished and overfishing is not occurring. Fishing mortality has increased in recent years and is currently (data up to and including 2006) at or very near the target level."

The SARC also advised the assessment team to: 1) reconsider the ratio of male to female fish used in the estimation of female SSB; 2) re-estimate the F threshold (Fmsy) based on data and stock estimates from the SCA model; and 3) link the female SSB target and threshold to the SCA model's 1995 SSB estimate. The assessment team undertook this work and in August 2008, the Board approved updated Amendment 6 biological reference points (see table below), as well as improved estimates of female SSB for 1982-2006 (developed with an empirical sex ratio). With these new estimates, the status of striped bass remains not overfished and not experiencing overfishing (Figures 1 and 2).

|  | Old BRPs |  | New BRPs |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | SSB (mt) | F | SSB (mt) | F |
| Threshold | 14,000 | 0.41 | 30,000 | 0.34 |
| Target | 17,500 | 0.30 | 37500 | 0.30 |

(The following discussion of stock status is based on the updated biological reference points and female SSB estimates.)

Spawning stock biomass and recruitment estimates were derived from the SCA model. Female SSB for 2006 is estimated at 40,639 metric tons (mt), well above the threshold SSB (30,000 mt), as well as the target SSB ( $37,000 \mathrm{mt}$; Figure 1). Female SSB grew steadily through 2003, when it peaked at $51,277 \mathrm{mt}$, but has since declined. However, this trend is expected to reverse when several strong year classes enter the ages included in SSB. The 2003 cohort is the strongest in the time series. Recruitment of the 2005 cohort was estimated at 10.04 million age- 1 fish, which is near the average age-1 recruitment observed since the stocks were declared recovered in 1995.

Coastwide fishing mortality rate (F) estimates are available from the SCA model and tag-based CE model (Figure 2). The F estimates from both models are for fully recruited fish, estimated as the average F on ages $8-11$ fish for the SCA model, and the average F on fish 28 inches plus for the CE model. The F estimates from the SCA and CE models show similar increasing trends from the late 1980s to the late 1990s, followed by declines through 2002. After 2002, Fs from the SCA model increase to 0.31 in 2006, while Fs from the CE model remain relatively flat, estimated at 0.16 in 2006. Only the terminal estimate of F from the SCA model exceeds the target F of 0.30 . Results from retrospective analysis of the SCA, as well as the CE model results, suggest that the 2006 F estimate is likely overestimated and could therefore decrease below the Ftarget of 0.30 with the addition of future data. As previously mentioned, the SARC endorsed the SCA model for determining stock status.

Because Amendment 6 implemented a distinct management program for the Chesapeake Bay with a fishing mortality target of 0.27 , the assessment also includes a separate estimate of fishing mortality for the Chesapeake Bay. The CE model was used with Maryland and Virginia tagging data. Chesapeake Bay F estimates range from 0.0 to 0.16 throughout the time series (1987-2006), and is estimated at 0.14 in 2006.

The CE model, which allows for a variable natural mortality, also provides program-specific estimates of F for the eight tagging programs participating in the FWS Atlantic coastwide striped bass tagging program. Among the "producer area" programs (Delaware River, Hudson River,

Potomac River and Upper Chesapeake Bay, and Rappahannock River), the 2006 stock-specific estimates of F for fully recruited fish ranged from 0.16 to 0.28 . Among the coastal programs (Massachusetts, North Carolina, New Jersey Delaware Bay, and New York), the same estimates ranged from 0.11 to 0.19 .

Population estimates are available from both the SCA and CE models. The estimate of total abundance for January 1, 2007 from the SCA model was 55.8 million age- 1 and older fish. This estimate is about 9.0 million fish lower than the peak in 2004, and 3.2 million fish lower than the average population size of the previous 10 years. From the CE model, the 2006 population estimates were 47.9 million age $3+$ fish and 13.0 million age $7+$ fish. These tag-based estimates are higher than the SCA estimates, which were 38.7 million age $3+$ fish and 7.8 million age $7+$ fish.

## III. Status of the Fishery

Total striped bass harvest in 2007 is estimated at 3.21 million fish ( 29.79 million pounds; Tables $3-6$ ). The commercial and recreational fisheries harvested 32 and 68 percent by number and 24 and 76 percent by weight, respectively. Since 2006, total harvest decreased by $15.6 \%$ by number and $16.4 \%$ by weight. This decrease is largely attributable to the recreational harvest.

In 2007, the recreational fishery harvested an estimated 2.19 million fish ( 22.7 million pounds), down from 2.76 million fish ( 29.2 million pounds) in 2006 (Tables 5 and 6). Recreational releases also decreased by over 9 million fish to 16.9 million fish, for an estimated 1.35 million dead discarded fish ( $8 \%$ of releases; Table 7). Total recreational removals in 2007 (harvest and dead discards combined) decreased by nearly $27 \%$ from the previous year. Maryland harvested $31.0 \%$ of the coastwide recreational landings in number of fish, followed by New York (16.9\%), Massachusetts (15.8\%), Virginia (11.1\%), and New Jersey (9.4\%). The remaining states each landed less than $5.1 \%$ of the 2007 recreational harvest by number of fish. Massachusetts released $34.2 \%$ of the coastwide recreational releases in number of fish, followed by Maryland (17.7\%), Connecticut (10.9\%), New Jersey (8.9\%), New York (8.6\%), Maine (6.5\%), and Rhode Island (4.4\%). The remaining states produced less than two percent of the coastwide releases each.

The commercial fishery landed an estimated 1.02 million fish ( 7.05 million pounds) in 2007 (Tables 3 and 4). Whereas commercial landings by number decreased from 1.05 million fish in the preceding year, commercial landings by weight increased from 6.39 million pounds. The Chesapeake Bay jurisdictions dominated the 2007 commercial harvest; by pounds, Maryland landed $33.2 \%$, Virginia landed $21.7 \%$, and PRFC landed $8.5 \%$. Elsewhere along the coast, Massachusetts landed $14.8 \%$ and New York $10.4 \%$. North Carolina, Delaware, and Rhode Island each landed between two and six percent of the total commercial landings by pounds. An estimate of commercial dead discards in 2007 is currently unavailable. In 2006, commercial dead discards numbered 216,753 fish (Figure 3).

See Figure 4 for the number of fish removed by commercial and recreation harvest and dead discards from 1982 to 2007 (except 2007 commercial dead discards).

## IV. Status of Assessment Advice

The 2007 Atlantic striped bass stock assessment was favorably peer reviewed at the $46^{\text {th }}$ SAW. The SARC identified several topics deserving special attention or improvement in future assessments, including: examining sensitivity of assessment results to discard estimates and improving those estimates; age determination for striped bass older than about age 10; extracting more information out of the young-of-year indices; employing better methods of averaging multiple survey indices; using regional surveys to get direct information about differences in recruitment levels for the sub-stocks of the fishery; and better standardization of state surveys (NEFSC 2008a).

## V. Status of Research and Monitoring

The management plan requires certain jurisdictions to implement fishery-dependent monitoring programs for striped bass. All jurisdictions with commercial fisheries (Massachusetts, Rhode Island, New York, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, PRFC, and North Carolina) or significant recreational fisheries (Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, and PRFC) are required to define the catch composition of these fisheries. Jurisdictions with significant commercial fisheries (Massachusetts, New York, Maryland, Virginia, and PRFC) and those agencies monitoring recreational fisheries (NOAA Fisheries, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, and PRFC) are required to gather representative catch and effort data for these fisheries.

In addition to fishery-dependent monitoring programs, the management plan requires certain states to monitor the striped bass population independent of the fishery. Juvenile abundance indices are required from Maine (Kennebec River), New York (Hudson River), New Jersey (Delaware River), Maryland (Chesapeake Bay tributaries), Virginia (Chesapeake Bay tributaries), and North Carolina (Albemarle Sound). Spawning stock sampling is mandatory for New York (Hudson River), Pennsylvania (Delaware River), Delaware (Delaware River), Maryland (Upper Chesapeake Bay and Potomac River), Virginia (Rappahannock River and James River), and North Carolina (Roanoke River and Albemarle Sound). Amendment 6 requires NOAA Fisheries, USFWS, Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Maryland, Virginia, and North Carolina to continue their tagging programs, which provide data used to determine survivorship and migration patterns.

## VI. Status of Management Measures and Issues

## Status of Amendment 6

Amendment 6 provided the regulatory measures for the 2007 fishing year. Implemented in October 2007, Addendum I to Amendment 6 also provided measures for part of the year. The web-based angler education material recommended in the addendum is currently under development at the Commission.

Following Board acceptance of the 2007 stock assessment, potential issues for a second addendum were discussed in 2008. Further deliberation on initiating the addendum process was postponed until completion of the Amendment 6 BRP update, as recommended by the $46^{\text {th }}$ SARC.
The BRP update was presented to the Board in October 2008. Included in the Technical Committee's report was a recommendation for the development of new biological reference points appropriate to the fishery's multiple management objectives once defined by the Board. In
response, the Board tasked the Technical Committee with providing background information for use in defining management objectives, and with evaluating the performance of the fishery with the management objectives of Amendment 6 . The Board will receive a Technical Committee report in October 2008 before continuing discussion on the possibility of an addendum.

## Coastal Commercial Quota

Table 8 shows a history of coastal commercial quotas and harvests since the implementation of Amendment 6. In 2007, five states had coastal commercial quotas lower than their Amendment 6 allocation: Massachusetts and Virginia due to quota overages in 2006, and Rhode Island, New York, and Maryland due to conservation equivalencies related to their minimum size limits.

In 2007, two states exceeded their coastal commercial quotas and should have their 2008 quotas lowered accordingly (Table 8). Massachusetts exceeded its coastal commercial quota by 52,265 pounds, resulting in an adjusted 2008 quota of $1,107,485$ pounds. Rhode Island exceeded its coastal commercial quota by 664 pounds, for an adjusted 2008 quota of 239,299 pounds.

## Chesapeake Bay Quota

Amendment 6 implements a separate management program for the Chesapeake Bay due to the size availability of striped bass in this area. Based on a target fishing mortality rate of $\mathrm{F}=0.27$, a bay-wide quota for resident fish is established for the Chesapeake Bay and shares are allocated to Maryland, Virginia, and the PRFC. In 2007, the bay-wide quota of $9,479,441$ pounds was allocated among the three jurisdictions. (Based on historical harvest, Maryland is allocated $\sim 52 \%$, PRFC $\sim 15 \%$, and Virginia $\sim 33 \%$ ). Each jurisdiction then allocates portions of the quota to its recreational and commercial fisheries (Table 9). In 2007, the bay-wide harvest was over one million pounds less than the bay-wide quota.

## Chesapeake Bay Spring Trophy Fishery

Recreational fishermen in the Chesapeake Bay are permitted to take adult migrant fish during a limited seasonal fishery, commonly referred to as the Spring Trophy Fishery. Staring in 1993, the fishery has been controlled by a Board-approved harvest cap: 3,000 fish in 1993, 5,000 fish in 1994, 25,000 fish in 1995, and 30,000 fish from 1996-2003. In December 2003, the Board approved a new methodology to establish the annual quota for the fishery. The Chesapeake Bay states were required to submit a harvest report for the spring trophy fishery and propose a new quota for the subsequent year. This quota was based on the number of age $8+$ striped bass in the population, as determined annually by the VPA output, minus any overage from the previous year's fishery. This system was used to establish the quotas from 2004-2006.

In January 2007, Maryland proposed to eliminate the quota system for the spring trophy fishery. Instead, the Board approved a target harvest for 2007 of the VPA calculated quota minus the 2006 overage, to be no less than 30,000 fish. This method resulted in a 30,000 fish target for 2007. The trophy fishery harvest in 2007 was 36,328 fish (see Table 10).

## Law Enforcement

The 2007 Law Enforcement Committee reports that the FMP for striped bass is enforceable as written. Striped bass enforcement is a high priority with all Atlantic states and a significant amount of effort has been expended to obtain overall compliance. Joint Enforcement Agreements (JEAs) between NOAA-Office of Law Enforcement, United States Coast Guard, and the individual state exist in all states of the management unit, except North Carolina. The JEAs
expanded enforcement efforts in the EEZ for the third year in a row in 2007. The absence of a JEA between NOAA-OLE, USCG, and North Carolina Marine Patrol prevents expanded EEZ patrols for striped bass violations. Enforcement of the Atlantic Striped Bass plan could be enhanced with this agreement. Some states have been aggressively monitoring commercial catches and the quota allocations. These investigations are difficult and time consuming, but necessary to ensure a high level of compliance.

## Juvenile Abundance Indices

In response to the suite of management triggers introduced in Amendment 6, the Technical Committee annually examines the trends in all required Juvenile Abundance Index (JAI) surveys. The Technical Committee is to recommend appropriate action to the Management Board if any JAI shows recruitment failure for three consecutive years. Recruitment failure is defined as a JAI lower than $75 \%$ of all other values in the dataset. The geometric mean is the preferred index of YOY striped bass abundance to model stock status.

The Technical Committee has yet to examine the trends in the JAIs for 2007; however, the Plan Review Team provides the following preliminary summary of the indices. The JAIs in New York, New Jersey, Maryland, and Virginia indicate that the 2007 year class is above the timeseries average. All indices were also increases from the previous year, and New York's is the highest in the 29 -year time series. Following its highest value in 2006, the Maine index dropped to the fifth lowest and is below the time series average. The North Carolina index increased from the previous year, but is below the time-series average for the second year in a row.

## Albemarle/Roanoke Striped Bass FMP

The Interstate FMP for Atlantic Striped Bass requires North Carolina to inform the Commission of changes to striped bass management in the Albemarle Sound/Roanoke River (A/R) System. North Carolina must adhere to the compliance criteria in Amendment 6. After a Technical Committee review, the PRT previously determined that North Carolina's FMP complies with the mandatory components of Amendment 6.

The A/R System is managed jointly for striped bass by the North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Marine Fisheries, which manages the Albemarle Sound Management Area (ASMA), and the North Carolina Wildlife Resources Commission, Division of Inland Fisheries, which manages the Roanoke River Management Area (RRMA). The 2003 FMP, which updated the 1994 FMP, explores harvest options and identifies management measures and research needs to promote recovery of striped bass stock in the central and southern areas of North Carolina (Tar-Pamlico, Neuse, and Cape Fear rivers). The FMP contains a target fishing mortality rate ( $\mathrm{F}_{\text {target }}=0.22$ ) and threshold spawning stock biomass (400,000 pounds) for the A/R System. The annual total allowable catch (550,000 pounds in 2007) is allocated evenly between the recreational and commercial fisheries, with $25 \%$ for the RRMA recreational fishery, $25 \%$ for the ASMA recreational fishery, and $50 \%$ for the ASMA commercial fishery. The FMP implements quota overage penalties; addresses habitat and environmental issues, catch and release mortality in hook and release fisheries, discards in the multispecies gillnet fishery, and enforcement of creel limits; and maintains the Albemarle Sound Management Area boundary line.

Total 2007 harvest in the $\mathrm{A} / \mathrm{R}$ System is estimated as 317,923 pounds, 232,077 pounds below the 2007 TAC. Each sector harvested within its quota allocation. Beginning in 2006, and continued
in 2007, the fall ASMA recreational fishery was regulated with a three fish creel limit (rather than two fish), due to low harvest in the spring fishery. Additionally in 2007, the RRMA recreational fishery operated under one open season for the whole river from March 1 to April 30 (rather than two zones with individual open seasons). Both of these regulations remain in effect in 2008.

## VII. Annual State Compliance

Based on the annual state compliance reports, the Plan Review Team determined that each state/jurisdiction implemented a management program that was approved by the Striped Bass Management Board for the 2007 fishing year and was consistent with the requirements of Amendment 6. (See Tables 1 and 2 for state-by-state regulations.) The Plan Review Team notes, however, that several states submitted their reports past the June 15 due date (see Table 11).

Following Board approval, the following regulatory changes were implemented in 2007:

- Rhode Island decreased the minimum size limit from 28 " to 26 " for the commercial trap fishery with a conservationally equivalent reduction in the coastal commercial quota from 243,625 pounds to 239,963 pounds.
- The Chesapeake Bay Spring Trophy Fishery operated under a 30,000 fish target from April 21 to May 15, with a one fish limit and 28-35" or $\geq 41$ " size limit in Maryland.

Following Board approval where necessary, the following regulatory changes were implemented in 2008:

- New York revised its Delaware River regulations from a two fish bag limit and 34" minimum size limit to a one fish bag limit and a 28 " minimum size limit.
- Maryland implemented a Board-approved, limited, recreational fishery in the Susquehanna Flats in 2008. The fishery operates from May 16 to May 31 with a one fish limit and $18-26$ " slot limit. Harvest is counted towards the bay wide quota. Circle hooks are required when fishing with a baited hook with a gap less than $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$.
- The Chesapeake Bay Spring Trophy Fishery had its quota eliminated by the Board for a one year, trial season. In 2008, the Maryland trophy fishery operated from April 19 to May 13 with a 1 fish limit and 28 "maximum size limit. The PRFC implemented complementary measures, while Virginia maintained its 1 fish, 32 " minimum rule during its Chesapeake Bay trophy season from May 1 through June 15.
- The District of Columbia changed its 2008 fishing regulations to match the regulations mandated by the PRFC in its neighboring jurisdiction: recreational hook and line from May 16 to December 31, 2 fish limit, 18 " minimum, and 28 " maximum for one fish.
- North Carolina implemented a mandatory Coastal Recreational Fishing License in 2007 and continued a recreational angler requirement to report harvest from May through August from NC/VA line above Corolla, south to Oregon inlet.

The following regulatory changes were indicated as possible changes for 2009:

- Delaware indicated its intent to submit a proposal for a limited recreational fishery targeting mature males via a slot limit in the Delaware River and Bay. Pennsylvania has since indicated its intent to join in this proposal for its portion of the Delaware River.
- New York indicated that it is contemplating a proposal to increase its minimum length limit in the Hudson River from 18 " to 28 " total length.

Amendment 6 includes compliance requirements for monitoring programs (summarized in Section V). Compliance with these requirements is summarized in Table 11. The PRT found that all states carried out the required monitoring programs in the 2007 fishing year.

Amendment 6 also requires states to submit annual law enforcement activity reports. These reports detail the effort and success involved in enforcing striped bass regulations in each jurisdiction. For the 2007 fishing year, the states submitted their law enforcement reports to the Commission's Law Enforcement Coordinator and one Law Enforcement Report was submitted on behalf of all the states in the striped bass management unit. The striped bass law enforcement report is summarized in Section VI of this report.

## VIII. Recommendations

## Management Recommendations

- The 2008 coastal commercial quotas for Massachusetts and Rhode Island should be lowered by the amounts the states harvested in excess of their 2007 quotas (Table 8).
- Membership on the Plan Review Team should be increased (recently decreased from three to two state/federal representatives).
- Adopt the new biological reference points as recommended by the Striped Bass Technical Committee. New biological reference points should be developed as management objectives for the fishery are further defined.


## Research Recommendations

## STOCK ASSESSMENT AND POPULATION DYNAMICS

## High Priority

- Develop method to integrate VPA and tagging models to produce a single estimate of F and stock status (ongoing, G. Nelson)
- Develop a spatial and temporal catch at age model incorporating tag-based movement information
- Examine reporting rates by commercial and recreational fishermen using high reward tags (ongoing, J. Hoenig)
- Develop methods for combining tag results from programs releasing fish from different areas on different dates.
- Examine potential biases associated with the number of tagged individuals, such as gearspecific mortality (associated with trawls, pound nets, gill nets, and electrofishing), taginduced mortality, and tag loss.


## Medium Priority

- Improve methods for determining population sex ratio for use in estimates of spawning stock biomass and biological reference points.
- Evaluate the overfishing definition relative to uncertainty in biological parameters.
- Develop studies to provide information on gear-specific discard morality rates and to determine the magnitude of bycatch mortality (ongoing, G. Nelson).
- Develop refined and cost-efficient fisheries-independent coastal population index for striped bass stocks.
- Examine methods to estimate annual variation in natural mortality (ongoing, Striped Bass Tagging Subcommittee).
- Examine causes of different tag-based survival estimates among programs estimating similar segments of the population.
- Evaluate truncated matrices and covariate-based tagging models.
- Develop reliable estimates of poaching loss from striped bass fisheries.
- Develop maturity ogive applicable to coastal migratory stock.
- Improve estimates of striped bass harvest removals in coastal areas during wave 1 and in inland waters of all jurisdictions year-round.


## Low Priority

- Develop simulation models to look at the implications of overfishing definitions relative to development of a striped bass population that will provide "quality" fishing. Quality fishing must first be defined.
- Examine issues with time saturated tagging models for the $\geq 18$ inch length group.


## RESEARCH AND DATA NEEDS

High Priority

- Continue in-depth analysis of migrations, stock compositions, etc. using mark-recapture data (ongoing, e.g., Cooperative Winter Tagging Cruise 20 Year Report, W. Laney)
- Continue evaluation of striped bass dietary needs and relation to health condition.


## Medium Priority

- Continue to conduct research to determine limiting factors affecting recruitment and possible density implications.
- Evaluate the percentage of fishermen using circle hooks.
- Conduct study to calculate the emigration rates from producer areas now that population levels are high and conduct multi-year study to determine inter-annual variation in emigration rates.


## Low Priority

- Determine inherent viability of eggs and larvae.
- Conduct additional research to determine the pathogenicity of the IPN virus isolated from striped bass to other warm water marine species, such as flounder, menhaden, shad, and largemouth bass.


## IX. References

Murphy, M, C Darby, N Klaer, G Tingley. Summary Report of the $46^{\text {th }}$ Northeast Regional Stock Assessment Review Committee (SARC 46). Prepared for $46^{\text {th }}$ SAW, January 2, 2008. 30 p. Available from: National Marine Fisheries Service, 166 Water Street, Woods Hole, MA 02543-1026.

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NEFSC. 2008b. 46th Northeast Regional Stock Assessment Workshop (46th SAW) Assessment Report. US Dept Commer, Northeast Fish Sci Cent Ref Doc. 08-03a; 252 p. Available from: National Marine Fisheries Service, 166 Water Street, Woods Hole, MA 02543-1026.

## X. Figures

Figure 1. Striped Bass Spawning Stock Biomass Estimates and Biological Reference Points Amendment 6 defines the female SSB threshold as the 1995 level of female SSB, when the stock was declared restored, and the female SSB target as 125 percent of the female SSB threshold. The old threshold and target are based on data from the 2001 assessment, while the new threshold and target are based on data from the 2007 assessment, incorporating an empirical sex ratio. Both sets of female SSB estimates are from the 2007 SCA model; however, the new set incorporates the revised sex ratio.


Figure 2. Striped Bass Fishing Mortality Estimates and Biological Reference Points
Amendment 6 defines the F threshold as $\mathrm{F}_{\text {MSY }}$, and the F target based on management objectives. The old threshold is based on 2001 assessment data, while the new threshold is based on 2007 assessment data. The SARC preferred the SCA model estimates for comparison to biological reference points. Estimates from the tag-based catch equation (CE) model, as well as retrospective estimates of F from the SCA model, indicate that the 2006 F estimate from the SCA model is likely overestimated and will decline below the F target with the addition of future years of data.


Figure 3. 2006 Striped Bass Total Catch (>6.1 million fish) (Source: 2007 Stock Assessment)


Figure 4. Commercial and Recreational Harvest and Dead Discards, 1982-2007
Sources: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division, State Reports, and 2007 Stock Assessment


Notes: No 2007 commercial dead discard estimate. 2007 data are preliminary.

## XI. Tables

Table 1. Atlantic Striped Bass Commercial Fishery Regulations for 2007
There are no commercial fisheries in Maine, New Hampshire, Connecticut, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, and the District of Columbia.

| STATE | SIZE LIMITS | SEASONAL QUOTA | OPEN SEASON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Massachusetts | $34 "$ min. | $998,063 \mathrm{lb}$. | Hook and Line Only $7.12-8.15$ plus $8.29 \& 8.30 ;$ 5 fish on Sun, 30 fish/day Tues-Thurs |
| Rhode Island | Trap: 26 " min. General category: 34" min. | Total: 239,963 lbs | Trap: 1.1-8.26 $100 \%$ of quota- $10,000 \mathrm{lb}$. set-aside; 8.27-12.31 $10,000 \mathrm{lb}$. <br> General: 6.10-8.31 or $75 \%$ quota, 5 fish; 9.1-12.31 or $25 \%$ quota, 5 fish |
| New York | $24 "-36 "$ | 828,293 lb. | Ocean Only: $7.1-12.15$ |
| Delaware | $28^{\prime \prime}$ minimum except $20^{\prime \prime}$ min for spring gill net season in DE Bay/River \& Nanticoke River (5.5" maximum mesh size and 0.28 mm maximum twine size) | $\begin{gathered} 193,447 \mathrm{lb} . \\ (183,775 \mathrm{lbs} \text { gill net }) \end{gathered}$ | Gill Net: 2.15-5.31 (3.1-3.31 Nanticoke River) \& 11.15 - 12.31 (No fixed nets in DE River or anywhere from 2.15-2.28 \& 5.1- 5.31) <br> Hook and Line: 4.1 - 12.31 Spawning Grounds: <br> $1.1-3.31 \& 6.1-12.31$ |
| Maryland | Bay and Rivers $18 "-36$ " <br> Ocean 24" | Bay and Rivers 2,134,116 lb. (PN/HS: 533,529 lb. H\&L: $640,236 \mathrm{lb}$. DGN: 960,352 lb.) Ocean $126,396 \mathrm{lb}$. | Bay Pound Net: 6.1 - 11.30, Mon-Sat <br> Haul Seine: 6.1-11.30, Mon-Fri <br> Bay Hook\&Line: 6.14-11.30, Mon-Thurs <br> Bay Drift Gill Net: 1.2 - 2.28, 12.3 12.31, Mon-Fri <br> Ocean (Drift Gill Net/Otter Trawl) $1.1-4.30,11.1-12.31$ |
| Potomac River Fisheries Commission | $\begin{gathered} 18^{\prime \prime} \text { min all year } \\ 36^{\prime \prime} \text { max } 1.1-3.25 \end{gathered}$ | 791,195 lb. | ```Hook & Line: 2.15-3.25, 6.1 - 12.31 Pound Net: 2.15-3.25, 6.1-12.15 Gill Net: 1.1-3.25, 11.15-12.31 Other: 2.15-3.25, 6.1-12.15``` |
| Virginia | Bay and Rivers 18 " min all year \& 28" max 3.26-6.15 (complementary mesh) Ocean $28^{\prime \prime}$ minimum | Bay and Rivers 1,554,302 lb. <br> Ocean <br> $174,772 \mathrm{lb}$. | Bay and Rivers $2.1-12.31$ (No mesh $>9$ " stretch $2.1-3.31 \&$ $11.1-12.31$ in all VA waters.) Ocean $2.1-12.31$ |
| North Carolina | Albemarle Sound 18 " <br> Atlantic Ocean $28 "$ | Albemarle Sound $275,000 \mathrm{lb}$. <br> Atlantic Ocean $480,480 \mathrm{lb}$. | Albemarle Sound <br> 1.5-4.30 ( 5 fish 1.5-3.1 \&4.15-4.30, 10 fish 3.1-4.14) \& 10.1-12.15 (10 fish) <br> Atlantic Ocean <br> Beach Seine: 3 days @ 50 fish/day Gill Net: 8 days @ 10 fish/day Trawl: 16 days @ 50 fish/day; 30 days @ 100 fish/day |

Table 2. Summary of Atlantic Striped Bass Recreational Regulations for 2007

| STATE | SIZE LIMITS | DAILY BAG <br> LIMIT | SEASONAL QUOTA | OPEN SEASON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Maine | $\begin{gathered} 1 \text { fish } 20-26^{\prime \prime} \\ \text { OR } \\ 1 \text { fish }>40^{\prime \prime} \end{gathered}$ | 1 fish | None (Hook \& line only) | All year except spawning areas: $5.1-6.30$ catch \& release (single hook artificial lures only); $7.1-11.30$ open |
| New Hampshire | 1 fish $28 "-40 " \&$ 1 fish 28 " minimum | 2 fish | None <br> (No gaffing, no netting except hand held dip net) | All year |
| Massachusetts | 28" minimum | 2 fish | None (Hook \& line only) | All year |
| Rhode Island | 28 " minimum | 2 fish | None | All year |
| Connecticut | $28^{\prime \prime}$ minimum | 2 fish | None | All year |
| New York | Hudson River $18 "$ minimum <br> Ocean <br> 1 fish $28^{\prime \prime}-40 "$ <br> \& 1 fish $>40$ " <br> Charter/Del. <br> River <br> $28^{\prime \prime}$ minimum | Hudson River 1 fish Ocean 2 fish Charter/ Del. River 2 fish | None | Hudson River <br> $3.16-11.30$ Ocean $4.15-12.15$ <br> Charter/Delaware River All year |
| New Jersey | 28 " minimum Bonus Program 28 " minimum | 2 fish <br> Bonus Program <br> 1 fish/day additional | None Bonus program from commercial cap: $321,750 \mathrm{lb}$. | All year except <br> DE River spawning area: <br> $3.1-3.31 \& 6.1-12.31$ (nonoffset circle hooks required if using natural bait from 4.1 5.31) <br> Other Rivers: $3.1-12.31$ |
| Pennsylvania | $28^{\prime \prime}$ minimum | 2 fish | None | All year except tidal DE River: 3.1-3.31, 6.1-12.31 |
| Delaware | $28^{\prime \prime}$ minimum <br> (Non-tidal: 15" minimum) | 2 fish | None (Hook \& line, spear for divers) | All year except spawning grounds: <br> $3.1-3.31 \& 6.1-12.31$ <br> (circle hooks required if using natural bait from 4.1-5.31) |
| Maryland | Susquehanna Flats Catch and Release Chesapeake Bay Trophy: $28-35 "$, $\geq 41 "$ Spring-Fall: $18 "$ min., $28 "$ max for 1 fish Ocean $28 "$ minimum | Susquehanna Flats Catch and Release Chesapeake Bay Trophy: 1 fish <br> Spring-Fall: 2 fish <br> Ocean <br> 2 fish | Susquehanna Flats 0 <br> Chesapeake Bay Trophy: Part of 30,000 fish target Spring-Fall: 2,798, 185 lb . <br> Ocean <br> None | Susquehanna Flats <br> 3.1-5.10 <br> Chesapeake Bay <br> Trophy: 4.21-5.15 <br> (tributaries closed, no eels) <br> Spring-Fall: 5.16-12.15 <br> (most tributaries closed until <br> 6.1) <br> Ocean <br> All year |

## (Continued on next page)

Table 2 continued. Summary of Atlantic Striped Bass Recreational Regulations for 2007

| STATE | SIZE LIMITS | DAILY BAG <br> LIMIT | SEASONAL QUOTA | OPEN SEASON |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Potomac River <br> Fisheries <br> Commission | Spring Trophy 28"-35" OR 41"+ <br> Summer/Fall 1 fish 18 " min. \& 1 fish $18-28$ " | Spring Trophy <br> 1 fish <br> Summer/Fall 2 fish | Spring Trophy <br> Part of 30,000 fish target <br> Summer/Fall <br> Rec: $575,414 \mathrm{lb}$. <br> Charter: 71, 927 lb . | Spring <br> 4.21 - 5.15 (no live eel, no more than 2 hooks) <br> Summer/Fall <br> 5.16-12.31 <br> (Barbless hooks required during closed season) |
| District of Columbia | 18"-36" | 2 fish | None | 5.1-11.19 |
| Virginia | Chesapeake Bay <br> Trophy: 32 " min. <br> Spring: 18-28"; 1 <br> fish $>32$ " allowed <br> Fall: 18-28"; 1 <br> fish $>34$ " allowed <br> Potomac Tribs <br> Spring: 28" <br> Fall: 18-28"; 1 <br> fish $>34$ " allowed <br> Ocean <br> 28" <br> Trophy: 32" | Chesapeake Bay <br> Trophy: 1 fish <br> Spring: 2 fish <br> Fall: 1-2 fish <br> Potomac Tribs <br> Spring: 1 fish <br> Fall: 2 fish <br> Ocean <br> 2 fish <br> Trophy: 1 fish | Chesapeake Bay <br> Trophy: Part of 30,000 fish target Spring-Fall: 1,554,302 lb. <br> Potomac Tribs None <br> Ocean <br> None | Chesapeake Bay <br> Trophy: 5.1-6.15 (except in spawning areas) Spring: 5.16-6.15 <br> Fall: 10.4 - 12.9 (2 fish) 12.10-12.31 (1 fish) <br> Potomac Tribs <br> Spring: 4.15-5.15 <br> Fall: 5.16-12.31 <br> Ocean $1.1-3.31,5.16-12.31$ <br> Trophy: 5.1-5.15 |
| North Carolina | Roanoke River $18-22 " \&>27 " ;$ only 1 fish $>27$ " allowed <br> Albemarle Sound 18 " minimum <br> Atlantic Ocean 28" minimum | Roanoke Rivers 2 fish <br> Albemarle Sound 3 fish <br> Atlantic Ocean 2 fish | Roanoke River $137,500 \mathrm{lb}$. <br> Albemarle Sound $137,500 \mathrm{lb}$. <br> Atlantic Ocean None | Roanoke River 3.1-5.6 <br> (upper Roanoke 4.1-6.30, single barbless hook only) <br> Albemarle Sound <br> Spring: $1.1-5.6$ <br> Fall: 10.1-12.31 <br> Atlantic Ocean All year |

Table 3. Commercial harvest (pounds) of migratory striped bass by state, 1982-2007
Sources: 1982-2006 data from NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division (Query date: 6.5.08); 2007 preliminary data from 2008 state compliance reports.

| Year | ME | NH | MA | RI | CT | NY | NJ | DE | MD | PRFC | VA | NC | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 2}$ |  |  | 643,400 | 270,300 | 6,000 | 470,900 | 10,400 | 25,700 | 479,130 | 136,053 | 49,917 | 92,462 | $2,184,262$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ |  |  | 223,600 | 196,400 | 2,200 | 309,500 | 19,600 | 6,800 | 380,905 | 164,245 | 51,950 | 52,796 | $1,407,996$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ |  |  | 107,200 | 54,500 | 2,000 | 595,300 | 8,900 | 37,000 | 815,611 | 783,140 | 17,849 | 14,501 | $2,436,001$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 1,400 |  | 118,800 | 61,200 | 5,500 | 469,040 | 12,100 |  | 1,385 | 222,196 | 60,327 |  | 951,948 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ |  |  | 97,300 | 11,100 |  | 1,100 | 10,000 |  | 0 | 29,370 | 2,067 |  | 150,937 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ |  |  | 78,600 | 500 |  |  | 400 |  | 25,867 | 57,945 | 1,988 |  | 165,300 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ |  |  | 79,553 |  |  |  |  |  | 19,661 | 115,251 | 70,565 |  | 285,030 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ |  |  | 119,900 |  |  | 300 | 200 |  | 0 |  | 0 |  | 120,400 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ |  | 37 | 159,729 | 3,951 |  | 81,584 |  |  | 0 | 169,060 | 277,769 | 9,797 | 701,927 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ |  |  | 235,238 | 31,263 |  | 105,262 |  | 15,100 | 26,057 | 216,755 | 140,982 | 6,186 | 776,843 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ |  |  | 237,059 | 36,788 |  | 226,613 |  | 25,200 | 495,196 | 127,398 | 217,080 | 27,702 | $1,393,036$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ |  |  | 266,573 | 52,435 |  | 109,362 |  | 15,600 | 789,973 | 142,742 | 212,431 | 36,463 | $1,625,579$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ |  |  | 200,000 | 44,633 |  | 169,811 |  | 33,900 | 911,989 | 149,891 | 198,983 | 92,605 | $1,801,812$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ |  |  | 751,477 | 113,461 | 1,838 | 500,980 | 179 | 38,100 | $1,225,606$ | 198,478 | 552,823 | 343,707 | $3,726,649$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ |  |  | 695,935 | 122,562 |  | 500,697 |  |  | $1,434,790$ | 346,834 | $1,421,466$ | 55,771 | $4,578,055$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ |  |  | 784,892 | 96,519 |  | 460,451 |  | 165,998 | $2,185,719$ | 731,114 | $1,142,550$ | 458,524 | $6,025,767$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ |  |  | 810,112 | 94,663 |  | 484,513 |  | 163,176 | $2,549,011$ | 726,179 | $1,463,225$ | 308,068 | $6,598,947$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ |  | 33 | 766,237 | 119,679 |  | 489,720 |  | 176,307 | $2,151,664$ | 653,266 | $1,484,804$ | 389,454 | $6,231,164$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ |  |  | 796,159 | 111,812 |  | 543,216 |  | 145,111 | $2,417,315$ | 666,001 | $1,830,814$ | 162,736 | $6,673,164$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ |  |  | 815,384 | 129,654 | 943 | 633,093 |  | 198,618 | $1,778,235$ | 658,676 | $1,661,867$ | 350,280 | $6,226,750$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |  |  | 924,885 | 129,172 |  | 518,573 |  | 146,157 | $1,865,027$ | 521,048 | $1,539,786$ | 299,508 | $5,944,156$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |  |  | $1,055,496$ | 190,220 |  | 784,602 |  | 191,194 | $1,829,272$ | 676,574 | $1,791,290$ | 482,123 | $7,000,771$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 308 | 203 | $1,214,209$ | 232,283 |  | 746,580 |  | 176,454 | $1,490,574$ | 772,333 | $1,761,427$ | 604,824 | $6,999,195$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ |  |  | $1,102,233$ | 215,628 |  | 710,785 |  | 173,968 | $2,095,521$ | 533,456 | $2,194,058$ | 588,601 | $7,614,250$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |  |  | $1,318,879$ | 221,122 |  | 688,448 |  | 184,214 | $2,160,099$ | 673,508 | $1,082,176$ | 63,458 | $6,391,904$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ |  |  | $1,040,328$ | 240,627 |  | 729,743 |  | 188,668 | $2,336,886$ | 599,261 | $1,532,244$ | 380,380 | $7,048,137$ |

Notes: Maryland and Virginia harvests include Chesapeake Bay harvest. Maryland and Virginia harvests (except 2007) are NMFS-reported minus the PRFC estimate of fish caught in the Potomac River and landed in Maryland or Virginia. All harvests are based on the calendar year.

Table 4. Commercial harvest (numbers of fish) of migratory striped bass by state, 1982-2007, and annual dead discard estimates Sources: 1982-2006 data and dead discard estimates from the 2007 Stock Assessment (NEFSC 2008b); 2007 preliminary data from 2008 state compliance reports.

| Year | ME | NH | MA | $\mathbf{R I}$ | $\mathbf{C T}$ | $\mathbf{N Y}$ | $\mathbf{N J}$ | $\mathbf{D E}$ | $\mathbf{M D}$ | PRFC | VA | NC | Total | Dead <br> Discards |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 2}$ |  |  | 26,183 | 52,896 | 207 | 74,935 |  | 12,794 | 189,089 | 54,421 | 14,905 | 3,200 | 428,630 | 57,624 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ |  |  | 9,528 | 48,173 | 83 | 66,334 |  | 5,806 | 147,079 | 63,171 | 15,962 | 1,405 | 357,541 | 40,127 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ |  |  | 5,838 | 8,878 | 192 | 70,472 |  | 12,832 | 392,696 | 372,924 | 6,507 | 532 | 870,871 | 65,639 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 90 |  | 7,601 | 7,173 | 350 | 52,048 |  | 1,359 |  | 82,550 | 23,450 |  | 174,621 | 62,734 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ |  |  | 3,797 | 2,668 |  |  |  |  |  | 10,965 | 251 |  | 17,681 | 174,024 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ |  |  | 3,284 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  | 9,884 | 361 |  | 13,552 | 125,066 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ |  |  | 3,388 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19,334 | 10,588 |  | 33,310 | 245,552 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ |  |  | 7,402 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,402 | 338,827 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ |  |  | 5,927 | 784 |  | 11,784 |  | 698 | 534 | 38,884 | 56,222 | 803 | 115,636 | 510,011 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ |  |  | 9,901 | 3,596 |  | 15,426 |  | 3,091 | 31,880 | 44,521 | 44,970 | 413 | 153,798 | 327,167 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ |  |  | 11,532 | 9,095 |  | 20,150 |  | 2,703 | 119,286 | 23,291 | 42,912 | 1,745 | 230,714 | 186,601 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ |  |  | 13,099 | 6,294 |  | 11,181 |  | 4,273 | 211,089 | 24,451 | 39,059 | 3,414 | 312,860 | 347,839 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ |  |  | 11,066 | 4,512 |  | 15,212 |  | 4,886 | 208,914 | 25,196 | 32,382 | 5,275 | 307,443 | 359,518 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ |  |  | 44,965 | 19,722 |  | 43,704 |  | 5,565 | 280,051 | 29,308 | 88,274 | 23,325 | 534,914 | 515,454 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ |  |  | 38,354 | 18,570 |  | 39,707 |  | 20,660 | 415,272 | 46,309 | 184,495 | 3,151 | 766,518 | 394,824 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ |  |  | 44,841 | 7,061 |  | 37,852 |  | 33,223 | 656,416 | 87,643 | 165,583 | 25,562 | $1,058,181$ | 216,743 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ |  |  | 43,315 | 8,835 |  | 45,149 |  | 31,386 | 780,893 | 93,299 | 204,911 | 16,040 | $1,223,828$ | 326,031 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ |  |  | 40,838 | 11,559 |  | 49,795 |  | 34,841 | 650,022 | 90,575 | 205,143 | 21,010 | $1,103,783$ | 236,620 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ |  |  | 40,256 | 9,418 |  | 54,894 |  | 25,188 | 627,777 | 91,471 | 202,227 | 6,480 | $1,057,711$ | 666,996 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ |  |  | 40,248 | 10,917 |  | 58,296 |  | 34,373 | 538,808 | 87,809 | 148,346 | 22,936 | 941,733 | 310,900 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ |  |  | 44,897 | 11,653 |  | 47,142 |  | 30,440 | 296,635 | 80,300 | 127,211 | 15,784 | 654,062 | 168,201 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ |  |  | 55,433 | 15,497 |  | 68,354 |  | 31,530 | 439,482 | 83,090 | 161,778 | 13,823 | 868,987 | 262,078 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ |  |  | 60,632 | 16,040 |  | 70,367 |  | 28,406 | 461,064 | 91,980 | 147,998 | 31,014 | 907,501 | 518,847 |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ |  | 59,966 | 14,949 |  | 70,560 |  | 26,336 | 569,964 | 80,615 | 119,244 | 26,572 | 968,206 | 776,951 |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ |  | 69,986 | 15,429 |  | 73,528 |  | 30,212 | 655,951 | 92,288 | 109,395 | 2,798 | $1,049,587$ | 216,753 |  |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ |  | 54,266 | 13,934 |  | 78,287 |  | 31,090 | 598,495 | 86,608 | 140,602 | 16,838 | $1,020,120$ | $N A$ |  |

Note: All harvests are based on the calendar year.

Table 5. Recreational harvest (pounds) of migratory striped bass by state, 1982-2007
Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division (Query Date: 6.5.08), see notes below*

| Year | ME | NH | MA | RI | CT | NY | NJ | DE | MD | VA | NC | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1982 | 2,663 |  | 2,003,948 | 16,012 | 110,964 | 61,438 | 327,024 |  |  |  |  | 2,522,049 |
| 1983 | 13,031 | 7,06 | 248,917 | 16,340 | 310,798 | 275,033 | 1,662,403 | 29 | 149,351 |  |  | 2,682,963 |
| 1984 |  |  | 33,697 | 12,879 | 91,705 | 896,770 | 58,616 | 139,626 | 44,262 |  |  | 1,277,555 |
| 1985 | 140 |  | 224,788 |  | 41,144 | 210,815 | 190,555 |  | 8,825 | 3,585 |  | 820,663 |
| 1986 |  |  | 298, | 97,961 | 21,537 | 33,115 | 644,394 |  | 3,104 | 5,362 |  | 1,104,289 |
| 1987 |  | 2,9 | 269,459 | 69,793 | 13,307 | 278,578 | 159,556 |  | 40,818 | 19,976 |  | 854,474 |
| 1988 |  | 13,549 | 421,317 | 108,182 | 47,536 | 348,920 | 136,374 |  | 1,058 | 178,626 | 972 | 1,256,534 |
| 1989 | 15,221 |  | 295,227 | 59,346 | 100,688 | 236,730 | 25,520 |  |  |  |  | 732,732 |
| 1990 | 60,483 | 11,363 | 319,092 | 73,349 | 193,011 | 505,440 | 588,974 | 18,115 | 12,967 | 443,751 |  | 2,226,545 |
| 1991 | 58,177 | 6,731 | 440,605 | 496,723 | 125,309 | 1,053,589 | 643,571 | 25,501 | 456,954 | 333,743 | 3,882 | 3,644,785 |
| 1992 | 107,693 | 44,612 | 972,116 | 203,108 | 196,278 | 921,201 | 746,343 | 25,677 | 613,174 | 187,852 | 16,197 | 4,034,251 |
| 1993 | 11,953 | 28,115 | 1,113,446 | 292,429 | 400,067 | 1,575,938 | 874,296 | 52,540 | 794,853 | 505,742 | 3,029 | 5,652,408 |
| 1994 | 66,451 | 66,017 | 1,686,049 | 109,818 | 355,829 | 1,974,759 | 438,080 | 63,832 | 1,096,409 | 870,140 | 71,195 | 6,798,579 |
| 1995 | 45,933 | 67,992 | 1,504,390 | 436,061 | 671,647 | 3,296,025 | 3,141,222 | 175,347 | 2,057,450 | 955,822 | 158,096 | 12,509,985 |
| 1996 | 44,802 | 102,271 | 1,291,706 | 950,978 | 915,418 | 4,809,381 | 1,736,508 | 281,481 | 1,560,389 | 1,340,414 | 199,675 | 13,233,023 |
| 1997 | 185,178 | 206,904 | 2,891,970 | 927,921 | 920,465 | 4,449,564 | 821,784 | 232,186 | 1,962,947 | 2,813,471 | 607,978 | 16,020,368 |
| 1998 | 178,584 | 114,342 | 2,973,456 | 671,847 | 989,923 | 2,318,291 | 1,333,329 | 236,926 | 1,908,344 | 1,581,560 | 415,585 | 12,722,187 |
| 1999 | 98,623 | 84,255 | 1,822,818 | 886,668 | 824,031 | 3,171,344 | 3,342,372 | 100,541 | 1,137,940 | 1,741,857 | 556,922 | 13,767,371 |
| 2000 | 269,325 | 71,370 | 2,618,216 | 1,160,305 | 515,962 | 4,050,569 | 4,286,040 | 369,030 | 2,100,854 | 2,005,721 | 187,276 | 17,634,668 |
| 2001 | 290,233 | 223,072 | 3,644,561 | 1,138,978 | 628,044 | 2,996,805 | 5,341,867 | 382,498 | 2,072,943 | 2,140,713 | 608,617 | 19,468,331 |
| 2002 | 383,270 | 152,342 | 4,304,883 | 1,192,296 | 600,482 | 2,813,596 | 4,133,678 | 266,920 | 1,423,515 | 2,648,115 | 602,586 | 18,521,683 |
| 2003 | 253,910 | 281,549 | 4,889,036 | 1,502,455 | 1,251,538 | 3,409,573 | 4,258,557 | 292,167 | 2,808,923 | 2,789,745 | 848,416 | 22,585,869 |
| 2004 | 171,741 | 121,566 | 5,466,059 | 1,169,587 | 921,737 | 2,388,825 | 5,458,534 | 311,025 | 2,333,042 | 3,101,870 | 5,574,787 | 27,018,773 |
| 2005 | 322,996 | 291,662 | 5,093,748 | 1,590,072 | 1,643,946 | 3,936,227 | 3,793,471 | 254,018 | 3,533,652 | 2,655,119 | 2,195,043 | 25,309,954 |
| 2006 | 385,598 | 212,012 | 4,907,270 | 873,965 | 1,388,296 | 4,820,089 | 6,623,538 | 206,432 | 3,541,582 | 4,133,292 | 2,153,231 | 29,245,305 |
| 2007 | 316,331 | 73,283 | 4,784,948 | 1,407,549 | 1,718,924 | 5,767,505 | 2,441,469 | 112,071 | 3,178,237 | 1,891,833 | 1,048,581 | 22,740,731 |

* Values for North Carolina (1996-2003) and Virginia (1996-2006) do not include Technical Committee estimates of wave 1 harvest (estimates in pounds unavailable). MRFSS Virginia 2007 estimate is considered preliminary.

Table 6. Recreational harvest (numbers of fish) of migratory striped bass by state, 1982-2007
Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division (Query Date: 6.5.08), see notes below*

| Year | $\mathbf{M E}$ | $\mathbf{N H}$ | $\mathbf{M A}$ | $\mathbf{R I}$ | $\mathbf{C T}$ | $\mathbf{N Y}$ | $\mathbf{N J}$ | $\mathbf{D E}$ | $\mathbf{M D}$ | $\mathbf{V A}$ | $\mathbf{N C}$ | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 2}$ | 929 |  | 83,933 | 1,757 | 50,081 | 21,278 | 58,294 |  | 984 |  |  | 217,256 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 3}$ | 7,212 | 4,576 | 39,316 | 1,990 | 42,826 | 43,731 | 127,912 | 135 | 31,746 |  |  | 299,444 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 4}$ |  |  | 3,481 | 1,230 | 5,678 | 57,089 | 13,625 | 16,571 | 16,789 |  |  | 114,463 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 5}$ | 11,862 |  | 66,019 | 670 | 15,350 | 23,107 | 13,145 |  | 2,965 | 404 |  | 133,522 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 6}$ |  |  | 29,434 | 3,291 | 1,760 | 27,477 | 36,999 |  | 14,077 | 1,585 |  | 114,623 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 7}$ |  | 90 | 10,807 | 2,399 | 522 | 14,191 | 9,279 |  | 4,025 | 2,442 |  | 43,755 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 8}$ |  | 647 | 21,050 | 5,226 | 2,672 | 20,230 | 12,141 |  | 133 | 24,259 | 347 | 86,705 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 8 9}$ | 738 |  | 13,044 | 4,303 | 5,777 | 12,388 | 1,312 |  |  |  |  | 37,562 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 0}$ | 2,912 | 617 | 20,515 | 4,677 | 6,082 | 24,799 | 44,878 | 2,009 | 736 | 56,017 |  | 163,242 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 1}$ | 3,265 | 274 | 20,799 | 17,193 | 4,907 | 54,502 | 38,300 | 2,741 | 77,873 | 42,224 | 391 | 262,469 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 2}$ | 6,357 | 2,213 | 57,084 | 14,945 | 9,154 | 45,162 | 41,426 | 2,400 | 99,354 | 21,118 | 967 | 300,180 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 3}$ | 612 | 1,540 | 58,511 | 17,826 | 19,253 | 78,560 | 64,935 | 4,055 | 104,682 | 78,481 | 264 | 428,719 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 4}$ | 3,771 | 3,023 | 74,538 | 5,915 | 16,929 | 87,225 | 34,877 | 4,140 | 199,378 | 127,945 | 7,426 | 565,167 |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 5}$ | 2,189 | 3,902 | 73,806 | 29,997 | 38,261 | 155,821 | 254,055 | 15,361 | 355,237 | 149,103 | 11,450 | $1,089,182$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 6}$ | 1,893 | 6,461 | 68,300 | 60,074 | 62,840 | 225,428 | 127,952 | 22,867 | 337,415 | 250,731 | 35,996 | $1,199,957$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 7}$ | 35,259 | 13,546 | 199,373 | 62,162 | 64,639 | 236,902 | 67,800 | 19,706 | 334,068 | 518,483 | 96,189 | $1,648,127$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 8}$ | 38,094 | 5,929 | 207,952 | 44,890 | 64,215 | 166,868 | 88,973 | 18,758 | 391,824 | 383,786 | 45,768 | $1,457,057$ |
| $\mathbf{1 9 9 9}$ | 21,102 | 4,641 | 126,755 | 56,320 | 55,805 | 195,261 | 237,010 | 8,772 | 263,191 | 411,873 | 65,658 | $1,446,388$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 0}$ | 62,186 | 4,262 | 181,295 | 95,496 | 53,191 | 270,798 | 402,302 | 39,543 | 506,462 | 389,126 | 20,452 | $2,025,113$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 1}$ | 59,947 | 15,291 | 288,032 | 80,125 | 54,165 | 189,714 | 560,208 | 41,195 | 382,557 | 355,020 | 58,876 | $2,085,130$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 2}$ | 71,907 | 12,857 | 308,749 | 78,190 | 51,060 | 202,075 | 416,455 | 29,149 | 282,429 | 411,248 | 109,052 | $1,973,171$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | 57,765 | 24,878 | 407,100 | 115,471 | 95,983 | 313,761 | 391,842 | 29,522 | 525,191 | 455,812 | 127,727 | $2,545,052$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | 36,886 | 10,359 | 400,252 | 84,814 | 75,244 | 242,623 | 448,524 | 25,178 | 380,461 | 633,018 | 278,270 | $2,615,629$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | 68,638 | 26,026 | 368,422 | 112,918 | 114,965 | 298,387 | 327,016 | 19,955 | 490,275 | 403,792 | 104,997 | $2,335,391$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | 72,827 | 14,748 | 345,105 | 73,650 | 83,390 | 313,464 | 489,319 | 19,076 | 648,644 | 607,344 | 90,820 | $2,758,387$ |
| $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ | 71,443 | 7,070 | 347,102 | 102,112 | 109,856 | 370,722 | 206,275 | 10,095 | 679,024 | 244,567 | 45,502 | $2,193,768$ |

*Values for North Carolina (1996-2003) and Virginia (1996-2006) include Technical Committee estimates of wave 1 harvest; a Virginia 2007 wave 1 estimate is not yet available. MRFSS began wave 1 sampling in North Carolina in 2004. MRFSS Virginia 2007 estimate is considered preliminary.

Table 7. Recreational releases (numbers of fish) of striped bass by state, 1982-2007, and annual estimates of dead discards
Source: NMFS Fisheries Statistics Division (Query Date: 6.5.08), see notes below*

| Year | ME | NH | MA | RI | CT | NY | NJ | DE | MD | VA | NC | Total | Dead Discards $\wedge$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1982 | 687 |  | 6,441 | 2,551 | 643,187 | 12,297 | 87,648 |  | 30,376 |  |  | 783,187 | 62,655 |
| 1983 |  |  | 34,018 | 5,444 |  | 1,469 | 117,807 |  | 213,487 | 11,997 |  | 384,222 | 30,738 |
| 1984 | 1,887 |  | 98,405 | 85,135 | 31,176 | 40,469 | 52,930 |  | 104,095 | 8,775 |  | 422,872 | 33,830 |
| 1985 | 81,153 | 93 | 12,360 | 40,567 | 26,946 | 57,540 | 5,524 | 702 | 147,103 | 2,598 |  | 374,586 | 29,967 |
| 1986 | 4,379 |  | 442,298 | 2,014 | 10,494 | 123,842 |  |  | 390,063 | 7,528 |  | 980,618 | 78,449 |
| 1987 | 18,106 | 435 | 93,660 | 63,849 | 78,434 | 253,986 | 56,697 | 16,988 | 118,395 | 7,611 |  | 708,161 | 56,653 |
| 1988 | 4,528 | 6,699 | 209,632 | 23,347 | 25,532 | 92,611 | 486,306 | 2,455 | 132,250 | 5,631 |  | 988,991 | 79,119 |
| 1989 | 16,028 | 4,822 | 193,067 | 38,007 | 125,370 | 365,712 | 265,958 | 4,807 | 114,269 | 72,766 |  | 1,200,806 | 96,064 |
| 1990 | 12,542 | 15,518 | 339,511 | 67,509 | 89,490 | 265,099 | 254,384 | 14,411 | 420,084 | 175,046 |  | 1,653,594 | 132,288 |
| 1991 | 67,490 | 6,559 | 448,735 | 30,975 | 301,476 | 756,663 | 166,198 | 38,334 | 1,036,011 | 208,350 | 256 | 3,061,047 | 244,884 |
| 1992 | 31,177 | 27,613 | 779,814 | 120,410 | 292,259 | 799,149 | 413,506 | 36,932 | 749,959 | 115,899 | 679 | 3,367,397 | 269,392 |
| 1993 | 373,064 | 14,979 | 833,566 | 100,993 | 271,318 | 694,107 | 308,253 | 89,543 | 1,556,848 | 100,374 | 1,524 | 4,344,569 | 347,566 |
| 1994 | 363,703 | 43,501 | 2,102,514 | 138,989 | 489,967 | 1,132,707 | 568,047 | 103,992 | 2,785,392 | 197,022 | 5,005 | 7,930,839 | 634,467 |
| 1995 | 505,758 | 285,486 | 3,280,882 | 356,324 | 507,124 | 1,209,585 | 694,889 | 115,363 | 2,401,277 | 370,949 | 16,225 | 9,743,862 | 779,509 |
| 1996 | 1,626,705 | 292,820 | 3,269,746 | 314,336 | 1,051,612 | 1,436,091 | 776,165 | 99,372 | 2,545,238 | 759,916 | 116,667 | 12,288,668 | 983,093 |
| 1997 | 1,417,976 | 279,298 | 5,417,751 | 606,746 | 722,708 | 1,018,892 | 736,734 | 130,073 | 4,019,987 | 1,232,323 | 135,853 | 15,718,341 | 1,257,467 |
| 1998 | 691,378 | 243,301 | 7,184,358 | 613,421 | 1,026,192 | 884,626 | 488,319 | 185,016 | 2,641,680 | 796,372 | 173,704 | 14,928,367 | 1,194,269 |
| 1999 | 649,816 | 145,730 | 4,576,208 | 360,121 | 704,025 | 1,228,628 | 1,152,682 | 105,696 | 2,387,615 | 940,755 | 263,445 | 12,514,721 | 1,001,178 |
| 2000 | 942,593 | 209,606 | 7,382,031 | 541,516 | 926,367 | 1,373,069 | 885,289 | 151,838 | 3,244,731 | 1,022,040 | 129,729 | 16,808,809 | 1,344,705 |
| 2001 | 870,522 | 164,336 | 5,410,899 | 377,474 | 1,107,707 | 824,278 | 965,650 | 162,677 | 2,890,054 | 620,947 | 49,953 | 13,444,497 | 1,075,560 |
| 2002 | 1,392,200 | 238,003 | 5,718,984 | 530,402 | 696,976 | 588,155 | 715,099 | 114,650 | 2,928,589 | 706,729 | 63,269 | 13,693,056 | 1,095,444 |
| 2003 | 846,708 | 260,167 | 4,361,710 | 448,707 | 843,037 | 1,083,808 | 925,885 | 169,012 | 4,652,800 | 970,554 | 48,945 | 14,611,333 | 1,168,907 |
| 2004 | 748,388 | 196,806 | 5,891,661 | 669,975 | 1,079,304 | 1,492,703 | 1,323,535 | 151,179 | 3,738,523 | 1,767,596 | 230,356 | 17,290,026 | 1,383,202 |
| 2005 | 3,024,291 | 512,771 | 4,839,752 | 741,022 | 1,713,541 | 1,348,377 | 1,197,440 | 224,841 | 3,753,328 | 1,484,540 | 109,535 | 18,949,438 | 1,515,955 |
| 2006 | 4,062,579 | 567,892 | 8,657,473 | 1,356,245 | 1,682,372 | 1,578,167 | 2,101,816 | 245,682 | 3,895,798 | 1,689,642 | 37,713 | 25,875,379 | 2,070,030 |
| 2007 | 1,105,347 | 288,985 | 5,772,100 | 740,941 | 1,831,899 | 1,456,055 | 1,494,572 | 251,074 | 2,998,085 | 913,800 | 16,195 | 16,869,053 | 1,349,524 |

[^0]Table 8. Coastal Commercial Quotas and Harvests (pounds, based on compliance reports)

|  | Am 6 <br> Quota | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ <br> Quota | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ <br> Harvest | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ <br> Overage | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ <br> Quota | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ <br> Harvest | 2004 <br> Overage | 2005 <br> Quota | 2005 <br> Harvest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MA | $1,159,750$ | $1,036,880^{*}$ | $1,055,439$ | 18,559 | $1,141,191$ | $1,206,305$ | 65,114 | $1,094,636^{*}$ | $1,113,905$ |
| RI | 243,625 | $242,159^{*}$ | 238,025 | 0 | 243,625 | 245,204 | 1,579 | $242,046^{*}$ | 242,303 |
| NY | $1,061,060$ | $828,293^{\wedge}$ | 753,261 | 0 | $828,293^{\wedge}$ | 741,668 | 0 | $828,293^{\wedge}$ | 689,821 |
| NJ+ | 321,750 | 321,750 | 121,410 | 0 | 321,750 | 81,870 | 0 | 321,750 | 29,797 |
| DE | 193,447 | 193,447 | 188,419 | 0 | 193,447 | 181,974 | 0 | 193,447 | 173,815 |
| MD | 131,560 | $126,936^{\wedge}$ | 98,149 | 0 | $126,936^{\wedge}$ | 115,453 | 0 | $126,936^{\wedge}$ | 46,871 |
| VA | 184,853 | 184,853 | 159,786 | 0 | 184,853 | 160,301 | 0 | 184,853 | 184,734 |
| NC $\sim$ | 480,480 | 480,480 | 482,123 | 1,643 | 478,837 | 424,184 | 0 | 480,480 | 440,889 |


|  | 2005 <br> Overage | 2006 <br> Quota | 2006 <br> Harvest | 2006 <br> Overage | 2007 <br> Quota | 2007 <br> Harvest | 2007 <br> Overage | 2008 <br> Quota |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MA | 19,269 | $1,140,481^{*}$ | $1,312,168$ | 171,687 | $988,063^{*}$ | $1,040,328$ | 52,265 | $1,107,485^{*}$ |
| RI | 257 | $243,368^{*}$ | 221,122 | 0 | $239,963^{\wedge}$ | 240,627 | 664 | $239,299^{\wedge *}$ |
| NY | 0 | $828,293^{\wedge}$ | 688,448 | 0 | $828,293^{\wedge}$ | 729,743 | 0 | $828,293^{\wedge}$ |
| NJ+ | 0 | 321,750 | 23,656 | 0 | 321,750 | 13,615 | 0 | 321,750 |
| DE | 0 | 193,447 | 184,214 | 0 | 193,447 | 188,668 | 0 | 193,447 |
| MD | 0 | $126,396^{\wedge}$ | 91,093 | 0 | $126,396^{\wedge}$ | 96,301 | 0 | $126,396^{\wedge}$ |
| VA | 0 | 184,853 | 194,934 | 10,081 | $174,772^{*}$ | 165,587 | 0 | 184,853 |
| NC $\sim$ | 0 | 480,480 | 348,227 | 0 | 480,480 | 380,380 | 0 | 480,480 |

${ }^{\wedge}$ Quota reduced due to conservation equivalency

* Quota reduced due to overage in the previous year
+ NJ quota applied to recreational bonus fish program
$\sim$ NC harvest year is December 1 to November 30

Table 9. Chesapeake Bay Quotas and Harvests (pounds), 2007

| Year: 2007 | Jurisdiction | Quota | Harvest |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maryland | $2,134,116$ | $2,240,585$ |
| Commercial | PRFC | 791,195 | 599,261 |
| Fisheries | Virginia | $1,554,302$ | $1,366,657$ |
|  | Subtotal | $\mathbf{4 , 4 7 9 , 6 1 3}$ | $\mathbf{4 , 2 0 6 , 5 0 3}$ |
| Recreational <br> Fisheries | Maryland | $2,798,185$ | 2674549 |
|  | PRFC | 647,341 | $*$ |
|  | Virginia | $1,554,302$ | $1,554,428$ |
| Chesapeake Bay Total |  | $\mathbf{9 , 4 7 9 , 4 4 1}$ | $\mathbf{8 , 4 3 5 , 4 8 0}$ |

[^1]Table 10. Chesapeake Bay Spring Trophy Fishery Quotas and Harvests (numbers of fish)

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 0 3}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 4}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 0 7}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Baseline quota | 30,000 | 40,624 | $40,624^{\wedge}$ | 55,208 | 50,030 |
| Previous year overage | 0 | 13,900 | 4,680 | $13,720^{*}$ | 26,283 |
| Adjusted quota | 30,000 | 26,724 | 35,944 | 41,488 | $30,000^{\nabla}$ |
| Harvest | 43,900 | 31,404 | 65,664 | 67,771 | 36,328 |
| Overage | 13,900 | 4,680 | 29,720 | 26,283 | 6,328 |

${ }^{\wedge}$ The Board approved the same baseline quota for 2005 as used in 2004.

* The 2005 overage of 29,720 fish was adjusted to a direct payback of 13,720 fish under an increased minimum size limit and future additional Maryland effort controls.
$\nabla$ The Board approved a target for the 2007 season of the VPA calculated quota minus the 2006 overage, to be no less than 30,000 fish.

Table 11. Status of compliance with monitoring and reporting requirements, 2007 (JAI = juvenile abundance index survey, SSB = spawning stock biomass survey, tag = participation in coastwide tagging program, $\mathrm{Y}=$ compliance standards met, $\mathrm{N}=$ compliance standards not met, N/A = not applicable)

| Jurisdiction | Fishery-independent monitoring |  | Fishery-dependent monitoring |  | Annual reporting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Requirement(s) | Status | Requirement(s) | Status | Status |
| ME | JAI | Y | x | N/A | Y |
| NH | x | N/A | X | N/A | Y |
| MA | tag | Y | composition, catch \& effort (C\&R) | Y | Y |
| RI | x | N/A | composition (C\&R), catch \& effort (R) | Y | N* |
| CT | X | N/A | composition, catch \& effort (R) | Y | Y |
| NY | JAI, SSB, tag | Y | composition, catch \& effort (C\&R) | Y | N* |
| NJ | JAI, tag | Y | composition, catch \& effort (R) | Y | Y |
| PA | SSB | Y | x | N/A | Y |
| DE | SSB, tag | Y | composition, catch \& effort (C) | Y | Y |
| MD | JAI, SSB, tag | Y | composition, catch \& effort (C\&R) | Y | Y |
| PRFC | x | N/A | composition, catch \& effort (C\&R) | Y | Y |
| DC | X | N/A | x | N/A | Y |
| VA | JAI, SSB, tag | Y | composition, catch \& effort (C\&R) | Y | Y |
| NC | JAI, SSB, tag | Y | composition (C) | Y | Y |

[^2]
[^0]:    * No wave 1 release estimates for North Carolina (1996-2003) and Virginia (1996-2007) are available. MRFSS Virginia 2007 estimate is considered preliminary.
    ${ }^{\wedge}$ Dead discards are estimated by multiplying the number of released fish by a mortality rate of $8 \%$.

[^1]:    * Recreational harvest in the Potomac River is included in Maryland and Virginia harvest estimates

[^2]:    * Rhode Island and New York's reports were complete, but submitted late. The due date for striped bass compliance report submission is June 15. Rhode Island's report was late because it relies on recreational age data in New York's report.

